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CATALOGUE 240 EXPLORING ASIA

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Illustration on cover no. 72 **THEVENOT**, **Jean**. Gedenkwaardige en zeer naauwkeurige reizen. Amsterdam, Timotheus ten Hoorn, 1688.





An attack on the Jesuits' attitude towards the Chinese rites



1 **(ALEXANDRE, NOëL).** Conformita delle cerimonie Chinesi, colla idolatria Greca, e Romana. In conferma dell' apologia de Domenicane missionari della China. Colonia, appresso gli Heredi di Cornelio d'Egmond, 1701. Sm.8vo. Contemporary vellum, autograph title to spine. 158 pp. € 650,00

First published in 1700. - 'The eminent Dominican theologian of the Sorbonne, Noel Alexandre (1639-1724), led the attack in France on the Jesuits' attitude towards the Chinese rites. He published an attack upon the Jesuit position in which he endeavours to show the similarities between the Chinese ceremonies and the idolatrous rites of the Greeks and Romans' (*Lach & Van Kley III*, *p.430*). -

An interesting work as it mark the author out as a pioneer in the study of comparative religion. - Age-browned, otherwise fine.

Cordier, BS, col. 880; Lust 883 (French ed.); Walraven 128 (French ed.); Löwendahl, Sino-Western relations, 237 (French ed.).

Shipwreck of SS Willem I, in the Banda Sea



2 **AMBON.** Het verblijf der schipbreukelingen van de gestrande stoomboot *Willem de 1e* op de koraalplaat Lucipara. Amsterdam, (1837). Lithographed plate depicting the shipwreck on the Lucipara reef. Ca. 24 x 30,5 cm.

€ 375,00

Vivid scene of the shipwreck of *SS Willem I*, in the Banda Sea near Ambon (Indonesia), with on board the governor of the Moluccas François Vincent

Henri Antoine de Stuers (1792-1881) and his family. Depicting the sinking ship and many people in the foreground on land.



Added the rare booklet: SCHIPBREUK van den gouverneur F. Ridder De Stuers op de Lucipara's den 5 van Bloeimaand 1837. Ten voordeele van de gewonde en zieke militairen. Arnhem, T.E. Slot & Zoon, 1837. Original printed wrappers. 24,(4) pp.

Muller, Historieplaten, 6969; Indische Letteren jrg. 25, pp 194-207; Atlas van Stolk 7304; Cat. NHSM p. 191.

Written by one of the first great Portuguese historians



3 BARROS, Joan de.
Bloedige scheeps-togt van
den maarschalk Don
Fernando Coutinho na OostIndien, met een vloot van 15
scheepen in't jaar 1509.
Behelsende het verdelgen van
Calicut, en de ongelukkige
dood van den maarschalk en
veele aansienelijke
Portugysen. In het Portuguys
beschreeven .. Nu alder-eerst
uyt die spraak vertaalt.

Leyden, Pieter van der Aa,

1706. Sm.8vo. Marbled wrappers. With engraved title-vignette and one double-page engraved plate. 23,(3) pp. € 95,00

Issued in Pieter van der Aa's collection of voyages. - In 1509 the marshal Don Fernando Coutinho made an unsuccessful attack on the city of Calicut in the Malabar district of Madras; in the following year it was again assailed by Albuquerque with 3000 troops. On this occasion the palace was plundered and the town burnt. João de Barros (1496 – 1570), is one of the first great Portuguese historians, most famous for his Décadas da Ásia, a history of the Portuguese in India, Asia, and southeast Africa. *Tiele 5; Cat. NHSM I, p.107.*

Two black servants brought from Africa to Europe



4 **BERNAGIE, Pieter.** De belachchelyke Jonker. Kluchtspel. Amsterdam, J. Lescailje & Dirk Rank, 1724. Sm.8vo. Old wrappers. With large engraved title-vignette. 40 pp. € 295,00

On July 12, 1683, the play 'The ridiculous nobleman' by Pieter Bernagie (1656-1699) was an instant hit, and was performed dozens of times in the decades that followed. One of the protagonists is Joris, who returns to Amsterdam after a career of over thirty years in Asia. In the penultimate scene it turns out that the VOC veteran, in addition to precious goods and Asian clothes, has also brought two black servants with him: although the story is fictional, this play illustrates how the practice of taking and giving away servants was a common occurrence in the Republic. In fact,

several men and women of African origin worked at the court of the Oranges in The Hague, a number of whom were "gifted" to the court as children. - (Blank margin title-page rep., some foxing). - Rare.

A Dutch adventurer who entered the English East India Company in Bengal



5 **BOLTS, Willem.** État civil, politique et commerçant, du Bengale; ou histoire des conquêtes & de l'administration de la Compagnie Angloise dans ce pays. Ouvrage traduit de l'Anglois. La Haye, Gosse, 1775. 2 volumes in 1. Contemporary mottled calf (rebacked, original gilt spine mounted). With 2 engraved frontispieces and large folding engraved map. XL,222; 240 pp. € 375,00

First French edition; first published in English Civil, political, and commercial state of Bengal. London, 1773. - Willem Bolts (ca. 1740-1808) was a Dutch adventurer who entered the English East India Company in Bengal, and got into trouble for private trading in the name of the East India Company. The government of Benares sent

him off to England as a prisoner. He sought legal action against them, but ruined himself in the proces. This vigorous exchange of views developed into a bitter controversy and played an important part in fuelling the extensive public debate that was taking place on the subject of the East India Company's operations in India. The

French translation was made by Jean Nicolas Demeunier. - Pasted in is a letter in French, dated 1776, dealing with the ceding of Benares by the Rajah to the English East India Company.

Cox I, p.299; Chadenat 2791.

'One of the bloodiest series of campaigns in VOC history'



6 **BOR, Livinus.** Amboinse oorlogen, door Arnold de Vlaming van Oudshoorn. Als superintendent, over d' Oosterse gewesten oorlogaftig ten eind gebracht. Delft, Arnold Bon, 1663.

12mo. Contemporary vellum (sl. soiled). With engraved title-page, woodcut printer's device on title and 6 folding engraved plates. (24),369, (12) pp. € 3.500,00

First edition. - Levinus Bor 'entered Arnold de Vlamingh van Oudtshoorn's service as his assistant in 1650 and became his secretary later. Bor was a witness to the suppression of the rebellion in the Ambonese islands in 1651-1656. In his booklet, written in 1657, he sets out to give a report on the basis of the papers at his disposal of the Vlamingh's methods of warfare and of the latter's measures to safequard the VOC's interest for

a long time ahead. The entire work is suffered with a tone of approval and admiration for the feats of the extremely harsh de Vlamingh. Bor shows no understanding whatever for the motives inspiring the Moluccan rebels' (*Polman, The Central Moluccas, p.21*). Arnold de Vlamingh van Oudshoorn was Governor of Ambon from 1647 to 1655.

'One of the bloodiest series of campaigns in VOC history. All spice trees on Hoamoal were destroyed' (*Ricklefs, A History of Modern Indonesia, p. 75*). - *Extremely rare*.

Ruinen A20; Landwehr, VOC, 233; Cat. KITLV p.32; Du Perron, De Muze van Jan Companjie (1939) pp. 20-23.

First French circumnavigation of the world

7 **BOUGAINVILLE, Louis-Antoine de.** Reis rondom de weereld, gedaan op bevel des konings van Frankrijk, in de jaren 1766 tot 1769, met het fregat *La Boudeuse* en het fluitschip *L'Etoile*. Uit het Fransch vertaeld en met eenige aenteekeningen verrijkt, door Pieter Leuter. Dordrecht, Abraham Blussé en Zoon, 1772.

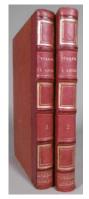
4to. Contemporary half calf, spine lettered in gilt (sl. soiled). With engraved title-vignette, engraved plate and 21 folding engraved maps by A. van Krevelt (1 repaired; mostly browned). XXVI, 412 pp. € 650,00



First Dutch edition, first published in Paris in 1771 Voyage autour du monde. - First French circumnavigation of the world. Louis Antoine Bougainville (1729 - 1811) gives an account of the discovery, occupation and natural history of the Falkland Islands, which he handed over to Spain. He describes in detail the expulsion of the Jesuits of Paraguay. He visited Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo, Patagonia, Buenos Aires, the Tuamotu Archipelago, Tahiti, the Samoa Islands, the New Hebrides, the Solomon, Luisiada, and New Britain archipelago, and the Moluccas, Batavia and Mauritius were visited before he sailed for home by way of the Cape of Good Hope and Ascension Island and arrived once again in France in 1769. He created a great deal of interest among the French in the Pacific and his work echoed Jean Jacques Rousseau's concept of the 'noble savage'. - (Small part of p. 141/142 missing with some loss of text).

Tiele 177; Cat. NHSM I, p.137 (French ed. only); Sabin 6872; Hill 163; Borba de Moraes I, p.115; Howgego B142.

Notes from a trip from Lisbon to China including a broad description of Macau



8 **CALDEIRA**, **Carlos José**. Apontamentos d'uma viagem de Lisboa a' China e da China a Lisboa. Lisboa, G.M. Martins, 1852-53. 2 volumes. 8vo. Contemporary half red morocco, spines gilt. 423; 351 pp. € 650,00

First edition. - Carlos José Caldeira (1811-1882) travelled in 1850 to Macao using the overland route from Cairo to Suez. The first volume describes China, most of the Far East, and matters related to Chinese culture, like the introduction of Judaism in ancient China. It also includes a broad description of Macau, where the author lived for 16 months, the Philippines and the expedition against the Indonesian pirates of Solor. The second volume describes the relationship of Portugal with Ceylon, Singapore, Malacca, and the

east and west coast of Africa (including Mozambique, Angola, São Tomé, and Cape Verde). - *A fine set*.

Gomes, Bibliografia Macaense, 312.

Transter syr her Laryn in de Nederlandriche Tule. 3 Poblitionteel entbe 3 Paptitulier Caixatt genardig junctierer nie brijsen in '6 Ostondage ten '3, flastin 1844, 1 teller in brij Francis to Ecui Centrius (dant ein Kindalfaur nan in Ostondage ten '8, flastin 1844, 1 teller in brij Francis (dant ein Kindalfaur nan in Ostondage ten Centrius (dant ein Kindalfaur nan in Ostondage ten Central ein der Ostondage tengen) als ook de Laptere denterd han te System in der Grant einer de General einer der General ein der General einer der

Ceylon

9 **CEYLON.** Provisioneel ende particulier tractaet gemaeckt .. in 's Gravenhage den 27. Martii 1645 tusschen de heer Francisco de Zousa Continho, Raedt ende Ambassadeur van den .. koningh van Portugael .. ende de heeren Gedeputeerden van de .. Staten Generael van de Vereenighde Nederlandtsche Provincien etc. aengaende de controversie over de jurisdictie ende territorie van 't fort Galle. 's Gravenhage, weduwe en erfgenamen van wylen Hillebrandt Jobobsz van Wouw, 1645. 4to.With woodcut coat of arms of the States General, lion with sword and 7 arrows, in an elaborately decorated cartouche with military attributes on title-

page and woodcut initial on first page. (8) pp. € 295,00

With heading: Translaet uyt het Latyn in de Nederlandtsche tale. - Treaty on the jurisdiction and territory of the fortress at Galle, Sri Lanka, to settle the dispute between the Dutch East India Company (VOC) and Portugal on Fort Galle, a major trading post of the Company. The fort was captured from Portugal in 1640. The Portuguese were finally driven out of the rest of Ceylon in 1658, with the help of the king of Kandy and from that time on the Company acquired the monopoly on the cinnamon trade.

Knuttel 5202; Landwehr, VOC, 242.



10 **CEYLON.** Publicatie. Het staats-bewind der Bataafsche Republiek doet te weten .. dat, van nu af aan, algemeen wordt vrygesteld de invoer van Ceilonsche caneel in deze Republiek, tegen betaling, echter, van één percent der waarde van de alzoo intevoeren caneel. Den Haag, Staats-drukkery, 1803.

Broadsheet with coat of arms with device Concordia res parvae crescunt. Ca. $42 \times 33.5 \text{ cm}$. $6 \times 225.00 \text{ cm}$

Ordinance concerning the exemption from payment for the importation of cinnamon from Ceylon into the Bataafsche Republiek.

Tthe first important piece of Chinese imaginative literature to be published in Europe



11 CHINA. - CHINEESCHE GESCHIEDENIS,

behelzende de gevallen van den heer Tieh-Chung-U en de jongvrouw Shuey-Ping-Sin. Nevens het kort begrip van een Chineesch tooneelspel, eenige Chineesche dichtstukjes, en eene verzameling van spreekwoorden der Chineezen. oorspronglyk in de Chineesche taale beschreeven. Daar uit in't Engelsch overgezet .. Nu in't Nederduitsch vertaald .. Amsterdam, Erven van F. Houttuyn, 1767. Contemporary half calf (spine sl. dam.). With title-page printed in red and black and 4 engraved plates by R. Nuys. XXV,(3),628,(12) pp. € 1.450,00

First Dutch edition. - The Chinese novel of romance and adventure Haoqui zhuan, translated from the English edition of Thomas Percy Hau kiou choaan, or the pleasing history, London 1761. It is the first important piece of Chinese imaginative literature to be published in Europe. Haoqiu zhuan gives an idea of the everyday life of China, which was neglected by the scholarly researches of the missionaries (Löwendahl 514). This work also contains an overview of a Chinese play, a treatise on Chinese poetry, translations of some Chinese poems, and a number of Chinese proverbs and sayings. - Scarce.

Cordier, B.S., col. 1755; Lust 1107.

Day by day chronical of events that took place in Batavia and of news received from all quarters concerning the greatest variety of subjects



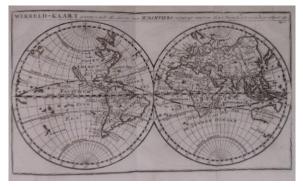
12 **DAGH-REGISTER BATAVIA.** Dagh-register gehouden int Casteel Batavia vant passerende daer ter plaetse als over geheel Nederlandts-India anno 1624-1682. Uitgegeven door H.T. Colenbrander, J. de Hullu,

J.A. van der Chijs, F. de Haan, e.a. 's Gravenhage, Batavia, 1887 - 1928. 8vo. 26 volumes of the series. Original wrappers or modern half cloth. € 3.250,00 Most of the volumes with the pictorial bookplate of E.C. Godée Molsbergen. - Present volumes of the series are 1631-1634, 1636, 1637, 1640-1641, 1641-1642, 1643-1644, 1653,1656-1657, 1659, 1661, 1663, 1664, 1665, 1666-1667, 1670-1671,1672, 1673, 1674, 1675, 1676, 1677, 1678, 1679, 1680, 1681, 1682,I. Missing 1624-1629, 1668-1669.

The years 1630, 1635, 1638, 1639, 1646, 1649-52, 1654, 1655, 1658, 1660 & 1662 were never published.

An important source for the history of the Dutch East India Company (VOC) and for the political and economic history of Asia more generally is the "Dagh-register" of Batavia Castle, the VOC headquarters in Asia published by the Batavian Society of Arts and Sciences. It is a day by day chronical of events that took place in Batavia and of news received from all quarters concerning the greatest variety of subjects. The board of governors of the VOC, had ordered this diary to be kept and sent to them on a regular basis to keep them informed of all matters that might affect the Company. Giving not only a day-to-day record of events in the capital of the Company's empire, but also a meticulous account of the ships entering and leaving Batavia together with very detailed reports of all the news these ships brought from all those parts of the world with which the Company maintainted contact. . - Rare set.

Dampier's descriptions of his wide-ranging buccaneering travels



13 DAMPIER, William and Lionel WAFER.

Reystogten rondom de waereldt; begrypende, in vier beknopte boekdeelen, een naauwkeurige beschryving van verscheyde nieuwe ontdekte zeeën, kusten, en landen, zo in Amerika, Asia, als Afrika; benevens veele nuttelyke aanmerkingen ontrent de stroomen, winden,

havens, diepten, engtens en andere fraye waarnemingen en bysonderheden, zo van bereisde als voor dese, onbereisde gewesten. Alom doormengt met de beschrijving der inwoonders, aardt, zeden en plegtigheden derzer vreemde volkeren; midsgaders derselver landsdouwen, vrugten, gewassen, dieren, en andere seldsaamheden. Uyt het Engelsch in't Nederduyts overgebragt door W. Sewel. Amsterdam, Andries van Damme en Johannes Ratelband, 1717.

4 volumes in 1. 4to. Old vellum (new endpapers), with morocco title label on spine, new ties. With title-page printed in red and black, 2 engraved allegorical titles, 16

engraved maps (10 folding) and 24 engraved plates (3 folding; few blank margins restored) by Casper Luiken and Jacob Lamsvelt. 12,394,(10); (8),284; (8),74,(5); 96 pp. $\in 1.750,00$

Second Dutch edition; first published in Dutch in 's Gravenhage 1698-1704; first published in English in 1697 *A new voyage round the world.* - William Dampier (1652-1715) was the best known, and probably the most intelligent, of the famous group of buccaneers that tormented the Spaniards in the South Sea from 1680 to 1720. Dampier's descriptions of his wide-ranging buccaneering travels (he sailed around the world three times) include the account of the first English visit to Australia in 1688. His voyages marked the beginning of British scientific exploration of the Pacific and made known the profitable possibilities of the Pacific (*Hill p.147*). Countries visited are in America the West-Indies, Chili, Peru, Mexico, Brazil (including the earliest written description of Bahia), in Africa the Cape of Good Hope, Isles of Cape Verd and in Asia the Dutch East Indies, the Philippines and Formosa, Australia and various islands in the Pacific. - Age-browned, otherwise *a fine copy*.

Tiele 290; Cat. NHSM I, p.135; European Americana V, p.214; Sabin 18388; Borba de Moraes I, p.242; Mendelssohn I, p.409-10; SAB II, p.10; Van Eeghen-van der Kellen 319; Howgego pp.294-298.

Eye-witness account of the Inquisition of Goa



14 **DELLON, Gabriel.** Historie der inquisitie tot Goa. En in andere gewesten van Indien. Uyt het Frans vertaalt. Amsterdam, Pieter Mortier, 1697.

Sm.8vo. Contemporary vellum. With engraved title-vignette, 3 engraved vignettes and 6 engraved plates (3 folding). (12),282,(17) pp. $\in 850,00$

First Dutch edition; first published in French in Leiden in 1687: Relation de l'inquisition de Goa. - In 1668 Dellon sailed to India with the Compagnie des Indes. He travelled extensively along the Malabar coast. In 1673 he left the employment of the company and started a private medical practice in Damao, at that time a Portuguese colony. Six months later, early in 1674, he was arrested by the Inquisition

and taken to Goa, where he was imprisoned for two years. He was then shipped to Lisbon, but released in the following year on condition that he should return immediately to France. .. It proved a considerable success, particularly in Protestant Europe, where it ran to numerous editions. Although long regarded purely as a work of propaganda, recent research has testified to its accuracy (*Howgego p.304/305*). 'Dellon's description of the Inquisition and of the practices of its officials and their collaborators is the only source available on the functioning of that institution by a

comtemporary who saw it from the inside' (*Lach, Asia in the making of Europe III*,2, *p.851*). It includes also details of his stay in Bahia, Brazil. His account of the Inquisition was still forbidden in Portugal in 1769. It is one of the few contemporary sources available. - *A nice copy*.

Cf. Borba de Moraes I, p.253-255; Sabin 19444-19447.

Deshima, the Dutch trading post in Japan

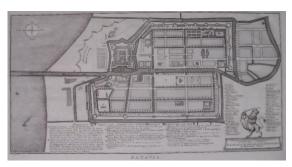


15 **DESHIMA.** - Isoletta Desima abittata Dagli Olandesi nel Giappone (The island of Deshima where the Dutch live in Japan). Venezia, Gianbattista Albrizzi, 1736. Engraved bird's-eye-view of Deshima after Gerrit Voogt (second in command on Deshima from 1706 to 1714), with large legenda. Ca. 17 x 19 cm. € 375,00

From: Thomas Salmon, *Lo stato presente di tutti I paesi e popoli del mondo naturale*. - Deshima was the Dutch trading post from 1641 to 1859 on

an artificial, fan-shaped island of less than one and a half hectares in the port of Nagasaki in Japan. It was the only contact between the western world and the largely closed off Japan during the Edo period. - *Fine*.

Description of the lives of Governors General of the VOC



16 **DU BOIS, Johann Peter Isaak.** Vies des gouverneurs généraux, avec l'abrégé de l'histoire des etablissements Hollandois aux Indes Orientales. La Haye, Pierre de Hondt, 1763. 4to. Old vellum, with new ties. With title-page printed in red and black, 27 engraved

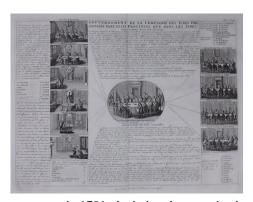
vignette portraits of the Governors-General and 34 engraved folding maps, plans and views after Jacobus van Schley. VI,351;48 pp. € 2.250,00

Much improved edition of volume XX of Prévost's *Historische beschrijving der reizen*. Enlarged with an important treatise on the actual state of the Dutch East Indies *Consideration sur l'état présent de la Compagnie hollandoise des Indes Orientales* by the ex-Governor General Baron d'Imhoff. Interesting description of the lives of 27 Governors General from Pieter Both in 1609 up till Jacob Mossel in 1752 and all the events relative to the affairs of the Dutch East India Company (VOC)

from the Cape of Good Hope to Indonesia, India, Ceylon, Australia, Formosa and Japan during a period of ca. 150 years. Including plans and views of Deshima, Batavia (slaughter of the Chinese), Ternate, Galle, Malacca and maps of Java, Australia, Ceylon, Cape of Good Hope, Bali, etc. - Last 5 lvs waterstained otherwise a fine large paper copy of a richly illustrated history of the Dutch East India Company.

Landwehr, VOC, 1502; Cat. KITLV p.236; Cordier, B.I., col. 1490; Bastin-Brommer N17; Mendelsson I, p.488-489; SAB II, p.108.

The Dutch East India Company (VOC)



17 **EAST INDIA COMPANY MANAGEMENT.** Gouvernement de la Compagnie des Indes Orientales tant en ces provinces que dans les Indes.

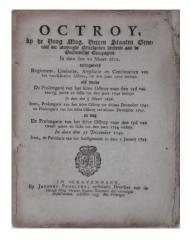
(Amsterdam, 1701). Engraved broadsheet. Ca. 32 x 43 cm. € 275,00

From: Histoire abrégée des Provinces Unies des Pays-Bas. - Decorative anonymous engraving published in anticipation of the Company's

centenary in 1701, depicting the organization of the VOC with in the middle the council room with the seventeen directors, on the left side the six chambers (Amsterdam, Middelburg, Rotterdam, Delft, Hoorn, Enkhuizen) and on the right side the four councils, with letterpress. In 1602 the Dutch East India Company (VOC) was formed. It was the largest and most powerful trade and shipping company in the world. At its peak it had 40.000 Dutch, other European, and Asian employees, a fleet of more than one hundred ships, and over six hundred stations in its charter area, spanning from the Cape of Good Hope to Japan. That charter, granted by the States General, meant that the VOC was the only organization from the Dutch Republic allowed to trade in this region. - (Some age-browning).

Landwehr, VOC, 1486; Muller, Historieplaten, 1175; Atlas van Stolk 1127.

18 **EAST INDIA COMPANY OCTROY** by de .. Staaten Generaal der Vereenigde Nederlanden verleend aan de Oostindische Compagnie in dato den 20 Maart 1602. Mitsgaders .. continuatien van het voorschreeve octroy, tot den jaare 1700 (&) 1740 (&) 1742 (&) 1754. 's Gravenhage, Jacobus Scheltus, 1743. 4to. Misbound (with dog's ears). With woodcut coat of arms on title-page. 47 pp. € 675,00



Compilation of all charters of the Dutch East India Company (VOC), starting with the original charter of 1602 followed by all prolongations up until 1754. The charter, granted by the States General, meant that the VOC was the only organization from the Dutch Republic allowed to trade in this region. - (Age-browned). *Landwehr, VOC, 19.*

The shipwreck of the East-Indiaman Woestduyn, rescued by Frans and Jacob Naerebout



19 EAST INDIAMAN WOESTDUYN. Het vastzeilen van het O.I.Comp. schip Woestduyn, op de Noorder-Rassen den 24 July 1779 - Het kappen van tuig en masten van het O.I.Comp. schip Woestduyn, op den 24 July des avonds om 8 uren 1779 - Het aan stukken slaan van het O.I.Comp. schip

Woestduyn des nachts tusschen 10 en 12 uuren op den 24 July 1779 - Het redden van't volk van de wrakken van het O.I.Comp. schip *Woestduyn* des morgens vroeg op den 25 July 1779. (Middelburg), P. Gillissen, 1779. 4 engravings by Arend Fokke Willemsz. and Mathias de Salliet after Engel Hoogerheyden. Each ca. 31 x 50 cm. € 1.950,00

Rare complete set depicting the shipwreck of the East-Indiaman *Woestduyn*, of the Amsterdam chamber of the Dutch East India Company (VOC) on the Noorderrassen sandbank off the Walcheren coast between Westkapelle and Zoutelande in 1779. Frans Naerebout and his older brother Jacob, who earned their living fishing and piloting, made two successful rescue attempts from Vlissingen. The first attempt took place during the night of Saturday 24 to Sunday 25 July and the second attempt

took place on Sunday afternoon 25 July. The Naerebout brothers managed to save 87 of the 130 people on board, and about 15 people drowned. Virtually nothing of the cargo was recovered. Frans and Jacob Naerebout gained national fame thanks to their heroic actions and art of navigation. - *A fine attractive set*. *Muller, Historieplaten, 4345; Atlas van Stolk, 4295.*

A handsome set.



20 **GOLDSMITH, Oliver.** An history of the earth and animated nature. 2nd edition. London, J. Nourse, 1779.

8 volumes. Contemporary calf, spines gilt (some extremities of spines damaged; some hinges broken but holding). With 105 engraved plates by Elias Martin and Isaac Taylor.

€ 575,00

First published in 1774 - Oliver Goldsmith (1728 – 1774) was a well-known Anglo-Irish novelist, playwright, dramatist and poet, who is noted for his novel *The Vicar of Wakefield* (1766). This work sought to draw together virtually all that was known about the planet earth, its plants and animals, and even its human inhabitants described from a biological perspective. A fine set with nice engravings of various animals and birds, including the dodo, fishes and insects from all parts of the world. - *A handsome set*.

Nissen, ZBI, p.170

A naturalist on an expedition into Southeast Asia



E. Whymper. XIX,455 pp.

21 **GUILLEMARD, F.H.H.** The cruise of the *Marchesa* to Kamschatka & New Guinea with notes of Formosa, Liu-Kiu, and various islands of the Malay Archipelago. 2nd edition. London, John Murray, 1889.
Original decorated cloth gilt. With 14 maps (5 folding), 28 plates and 111 woodengravings after J. Keulemans, C. Whymper, a.o. by

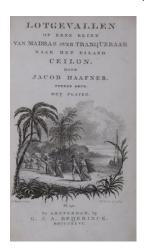
€ 275,00

With armorial bookplate of Peter Antony Lanyon-Orgill. - First published in London in 1886. - Account of an extensive cruise, January 1882 to April 1884, visiting the then lesser known lands and islands in Eastern waters. The *Marchesa* visited Formosa, Ryukyu Islands, Japan, Kamchatka, Bering Islands, Sulu Islands, British North Borneo, Lubuan and Brunei, Batavia, Celebes, the Moluccas, New Guinea and Amoboina, Banda and the Aru Islands. Francis Henry Hill Guillemard (1852 – 1933) was a reader of geography at Cambridge University, a traveller, writer and naturalist. He served as a naturalist on an expedition into Southeast Asia about which he wrote in his *The Cruise of the Marchesa* which became a popular travel book. *Cat. KITLV p.6; Ferguson 10138b; Cordier, B.I., col..1472*.

Jacob Gotfried Haafner (1754 - 1809)

A German-Dutch travel writer who lived in and wrote extensively on India and Sri Lanka. His travelogues were noted for their Romantic undertones, lively descriptions of Indian cultures and peoples, as well as criticisms of European colonialism, slavery, and cultural domination. He mixed up facts, romance and strong prejudices in very readable stories which provide insight into typical English Enlightment views on colonial and Indian society

Travel from Madras to Ceylon in 1806



22 **HAAFNER, Jacob.** Lotgevallen op eene reize van Madras over Tranquebaar naar het eiland Ceilon. 2e druk. Amsterdam, G.J.A. Beijerinck, 1826.

Second edition; first published in Amsterdam in 1806. - (Margin of 1 leaf damaged with some loss of letters). *Tiele 433; Cat. NHSM I, p.243; Landwehr, VOC, 347; Goonetileke 2192.*

Travels on the coasts of Orissa and Coromandel in 1808

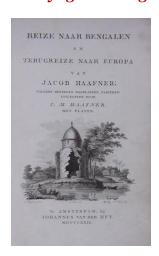
- 23 **HAAFNER, Jacob.** Reize in eenen palanquin; of lotgevallen en merkwaardige aanteekeningen op eene reize langs de kusten Orixa en Choromandel. 2e druk. Amsterdam, G.J.A. Beijerinck, 1827.
- 2 volumes. Sm.8vo. Later half green calf, with red morocco spine labels, uncut. With 2 identical engraved title-pages depicting the author in a palanquin, 3 folding plates



and 4 hand-coloured costume plates after Jacob Haafner by Reinier Vinkeles (missing one of the two plates of the Devedaschie?). X,260; IV,289,(1) pp. $\$ $\$ $\$ 375,00

Second edition, first published in Amsterdam in 1808. *Tiele 434; Cat. NHSM I,p. 243; Landwehr, Coloured Plates, 295; Landwehr, VOC, 348.*

A voyage to Bengal and the return voyage home to Europe



24 **HAAFNER, Jacob.** Reize naar Bengalen en terugreize naar Europa. Volgens .. nagelatene papieren uitgegeven door C.M. Haafner. Amsterdam, Johannes van der Hey, 1822.

Original boards (spine dam.), uncut. With engraved title-page with illustration depicting the tomb of Bahder Saheb on the Hooghly river, folding plate depicting the Hooghly river near Calcutta and hand-coloured plate depicting two servants, after the author by P. Velijn. XVI,415 pp. $\ensuremath{\in}$ 475,00

First edition. - Tiele 437; Cat. NHSM I, p.121; Landwehr, Coloured Plates, 299; Landwehr, VOC, 354.

Journey on foot through Ceylon in 1810 from Jaffnapatnam to Colombo

25 **HAAFNER, Jacob.** Travels on foot through the island of Ceylon. London, Richard Phillips and Co.,1821.

Original wrappers. With 3 aquatint plates (2 folding) after Reinier Vinkeles by W. Read. 118 pp. € 375,00



First English edition; first published in Dutch Reize te voet door het eiland Ceilon. Amsterdam, 1810. - Jacob Haafner was captured by the English in Madras but escaped to Ceylon. His eyewitness account of his journey on foot through Ceylon in 1810 from Jaffnapatnam to Colombo, was finished by his son Christiaan Mattghias and posthumously published in Amsterdam in 1810. Goonetileke 2190; Cf. Tiele 435; Cat. NHSM I, p.243 and Landwehr, VOC, 350.

A visit to Celebes and the Moluccas



(6 folding). XIV,(4),276 pp.

26 HART, C. van der. Reize rondom het eiland Celebes en naar eenige der Moluksche eilanden. Gedaan in den jare 1850, door Z.M. schepen van oorlog *Argo* en *Bromo* onder bevel van C. van der Hart. 's Gravenhage, K. Fuhri, 1853. Original printed boards (spine sl. dam.). With 3 maps (2 folding) and 13 tinted lithographed plates € 975,00

First edition; the book was sponsored by the Koninklijk Instituut voor de Taal-, Land- en Volkenkunde. - Report of a visit to Celebes (Sulawesi) and the Moluccas (Maluku) with fine plates after drawings by the senior naval commander and draughtsman C. van der Hart and officers serving under his command showing views i.a. Makassar, Kampong Kendari, the bay of Tolo, etc., costumes and activities of local people. - A fine copy.

Bastin-Brommer N 515; Landwehr, Coloured Plates, 304; Tiele 455; Cat. NHSM I, p.247; Cat. KITLV p.30; Ruinen C 132; Haks & Maris, Lexicon, p.113.

Two voyages to India, Cranganur and Surat, made in 1616



27 HAWES, Roger. Twee bysondere scheeps-togten, de eerste van Roger Hawes, behelsende een berigt van het aanstellen van een comptoir tot Cranganor, onder den Groten Samorin, etc. in het jaar 1616. De tweede van Alexander Childe na Suratte en Jasques: gedaan in het jaar 1616 en vervolgens. Beyde in het Engels beschreven, en nu alder-eerst uyt die spraak vertaalt. Leyden, Pieter van

der Aa, (ca. 1706).

Folio. Modern boards. With engraved title-vignette and engraving in text. (8) pp. \in 125,00

Issued in *Pieter van der Aa's collection of voyages*. - Two voyages to India, Cranganur and Surat, made in 1616.

Tiele 8; Cat. NHSM I, p.107.

A daily journal of travels through Northern India



28 **HEBER**, Reginald.

Narrative of a journey through the upper provinces of India, from Calcutta to Bombay, 1824-1825, (with notes upon Ceylon), an account of a journey to Madras and the southern provinces, 1826, and letters written in India. Third edition. London, John Murray,

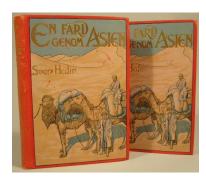
1828.

3 volumes. Contemporary half calf, spines gilt. With 27 wood-engravings. LXVII,450; VI,564; VI,525,(2),VIII pp. € 1.225,00

First edition published the same year. - Posthumously published by the widow of the author Amelia Heber. Reginald Heber (1783-1826) described in his daily journal his travels as bishop of Calcutta through Northern India from October 1823 to April 1824. This tour encompassed a journey through Bihar, Rohilkhand, Rajputana, and Gujarat with visits to such key cities as Benares, Allahabad, Agra and Lucknow. The main interest in Heber's journal is in his description of the people and their culture

and in his observation of the great natural beauty of India's rivers and mountains (*Riddick 123*). He later visited Ceylon, and sailed to Madras and the south, where he died in April 1826. A highly valuable, interesting, and most delightful work (*Lowndes 1030-1031*). - *A fine copy*. *Goonetileke I*, 2202.

Sven Hedin's first scientific expedition in Central Asia, never visited before by Europeans



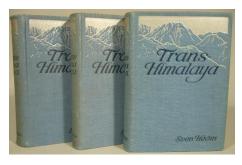
29 **HEDIN, Sven.** En färd genom Asien 1893-97. Stockholm, Albert Bonniers, 1898. 2 volumes. Original pictorial cloth (spines sl. discoloured). With 4 maps (2 large folding and one double page) and 258 illustrations (many full page plates and some in colours). XIV,565,(4); (4),537,((6) pp. € 225,00

First edition of Through Asia. - Account of Sven Hedin's first scientific expedition in Central Asia. He traveled across Russia to

Tashkent, and in winter 1893-94 he crossed the Pamir region. Returning to Kashgar in western Chinese Turkestan, he explored the Tarim Basin, then made a harrowing crossing of the Takla Makam Desert, during which some of his guides died of thirst. On his expedition, he also came upon ruins of ancient settlements that had lined the old Silk Road. Hedin next explored Lop Nop, a large shallow lake in western China, its shifting location long a puzzle to European geographers. He went on to Peking, then returned to Europe. He travelled through regions never before visited by Europeans. - *A fine set*.

Hess 4; Yakushi H97C, Cordier, BS, col.2853.

Exploration in Tibet and Central Asia, 1906-08



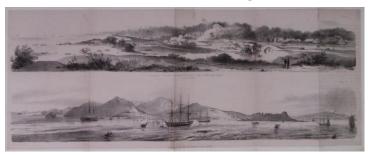
30 **HEDIN, Sven.** Transhimalaya. Upptäckter och äfventyr i Tibet. Stockholm, Albert Bonnier, 1909 - 1912.

3 volumes. Original pictorial cloth. With 15 maps and 569 illustrations and plates (several in colours). (14),665,(2); (4),593,(2); (6),591 pp. € 225,00

First edition. - Account of the exploration in Tibet and Central Asia, 1906-08. 'Der Reichtum an geographischer, historischer und ethnologischer, aber auch kultureller

Information bleibt auch heute noch in ihrer gesamtheitlichen Darstellung einmalig und unübertroffen' (Aschoff 812). - A fine set. Hess p.23; Yakushi H103a.

From Indonesia to the Netherlands by 'landmail' or 'overlandweg'



31 **HEERDT, Jacob Carel Frederik van.** Mijne reis met de landmail van Batavia over Singapore, Ceilon, Aden en Suez tot Alexandrië in Egypte. 's Gravenhage, K. Fuhri, 1851.

Original half cloth, spine lettered in gilt. With folding lithographed map, and 5 lithographed plates by P. Blommers (1 large folding, showing panoramic views of Ceylon and Aden). VIII,(2),106 pp. $\in 450,00$

First edition; with bookplate of Bibl. Doctrina & Amicitia. - Baron van Heerdt (1819-1878) travelled in 1846 from Indonesia to the Netherlands, as route he chose the little known 'landmail' or 'overlandweg'. Fragments of his travel experiences were first published in i.a. De Gids, Warnaserie and Indisch Jaarboekje, after recasting these fragments, this book was published. Heerdt can be considered as one of the predecessors of the just rising Dutch Indonesian literature. - (Age-browned). - Scarce.

Cat. NHSM I, p.179; Cat. KITLV p.57; Not in Tiele.

Shipwreck on a desert island, story about hunger and cannibalism

32 **HEYDEN, Frans Jansz. van der.** Vervarelyke schip-breuk van't Oost-Indisch jacht *Ter Schelling*, onder het landt van Bengale; verhalende desselfs ongelucken, en den gruwelyken hongersnood van 32 schip-breukelingen op zeker onbewoont eiland, daer zy van't wrak met een vlot aanquamen. Hoe sy van het selve eiland in Bengale landen, en voorts in't veld-leger van den Grooten Mogol, tot in't koningryck van Assam landewaerts opgevoert zijn. Beneffens een bondige beschryving der



koningrijken van Arrakan, Bengale, Martavan, Tanassery. 4e druk. Harderwijk, Dirk en Jan Rampen, 1707.

4to. Old half cloth. With large woodcut vignette on titlepage and 18 woodcuts in the text. 96 pp. € 1.750,00

First edition was published in Amsterdam in 1648; with bookplate of J. Verheus. - Shipwreck on a desert island, hunger, and cannibalism are the themes in this journal kept by Franz Janszoon van der Heiden, a member of the crew. The ship left Batavia (Jakarta) under captain Jacob Jansz. Stroom in 1661 and wrecked on a sandbank off the shore of Bengal and finally reached mainland Bengal

where they were conscripted into the Mogul army to fight against the kingdom of Assam. The gruesome massacre of captives by the Nabob is described and followed by accounts of the kingdoms of Arrakan, Martabab, Tanassery, Bengala and Patan along the coast of the Bay of Bengal from modern Bangladesh to Burma. One of the most well-known Dutch books of a disastrous voyage by the Dutch East India Company (VOC). - *Fine*.

Landwehr, VOC, 422; Tiele 462; Cat. NHSM I, p.188; Huntress 23 C; Lach, Asia in the making of Europe III, p.496.

Letters to friends by the doctor who accompanied Prince Waldemar of Prussia on his vist to Kathmandu and to Shipki



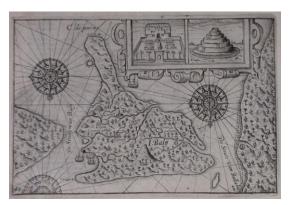
33 **HOFFMEISTER**, Werner.

Travels in Ceylon and continental India; including Nepal and other parts of the Himalayas, to the borders of Thibet, with some notes of the overland route. Translated from the German. Edinburgh, William P. Kennedy, 1848. Original embossed cloth with gilt illustration of front cover (spine ends restored). With 2 folding maps. XII,527 pp. € 395,00

First edition; first published in Braunschweig in 1847 *Briefe aus Indien.* - Personal letters to friends by the doctor who accompanied Prince Waldemar of Prussia on his vist to Kathmandu during Febr.-March, 1845 and to Shipki in August (*Yakushi*

p.190). Much of the text details the countryside and peoples (*Czech 106*). With appendices: I. Addressed to Baron von Humboldt, On the geographical distribution of coniferae on the Himalayan mountains. II. On the vegetation of the Himalayan mountains. III. The birds of the Himalayan mountains. *Aschoff p.173*.

The first Dutch voyage to the East in 1595, including the first description of Bali



34 HOUTMAN, Cornelis de. De eerste schipvaerd der Hollandsche natie naer Oost-Indien, waer inne verhaelt wordt al wat haer sonderlings onder wegen bejegent is, als oock de conditien, religien, zeden, ende huys houdinghe der volckeren, met den aerd, vruchtbaerheyd, ghewassen, dieren, ende andere eygentschappen der landen, die sy beseylt hebben: ghetrocken

uyt verscheyden journalen ofte dagh-registers daer van ghemaeckt, zeer vermaeckelijck ende nut om lesen. (Amsterdam, Joannes Janssonius, 1645). Oblong 8vo. Modern sprinkled boards. With 49 engraved plates. 112 pp. (text set in two columns). € 875,00

Extracted from Commelin's collection of voyages. - A group of Amsterdam merchants was responsible for the venture of the first Dutch voyage to the East in 1595. The four small ships sailed via the Cape of Good Hope to Bantam, a large trading centre on the west coast of Java. Three of the four ships finally returned to Amsterdam. 'Despite the loss of many men and one of the ships, troubles with both Javans and Portuguese, and profits barely large enough to cover expenses, the return of De Houtman's fleet set of a flurry of activity among Dutch entrepreneurs. In 1598, the year after its return, no fewer than twenty-five ships were sent out by merchants of the provinces of Holland and Zeeland alone' (Lach & Van Kley, Asia in the making, III, 1, p.439). This voyage provided European readers with the most detailed description of Java to date and with the first description of Bali in any language. At the Cape they landed and encountered a party of Hottentots. - (Part of plate 17 (market scene) missing but added in photocopy); some plates cut slightly short). - Rare early edition of the 'First Fleet'.

Landwehr, VOC, 250; Tiele 81; Tiele, Mémoire, 4; Cat. NHSM I, p.105; Mendelssohn I, p.739.

Travelling from Macao and Canton through Mongolia to Lhasa



35 **HUC, Régis Evariste & Joseph GABET.** Reisherinneringen uit Tartarije, Thibet en China. Verhaal der missie-reis in de jaren 1844, 1845 en 1846. Arnhem, Josué Witz, 1855 -1857.

2 volumes. 19th century grey cloth. XIV,409; 295 pp. € 295,00

Rare Dutch edition; first published in Paris in 1850 Souvenires d'un voyage dans la Tartarie, le Thibet et la Chine. - Record of the famous journey made between 1839 and 1852 by the

Lazarist missionaries Huc and Gabet travelling from Macao and Canton through Mongolia to Lhasa.

Cf. Cordier, B.S., col. 2119; Yakushi H249; Marshall 1334; Aschhoff 920; Howgego II, p.291; not in Tiele nor Cat. NHSM.

Important collection of Jesuit reports from China and Indochina



36 JESUIT MISSION REPORTS FROM CHINA & INDOCHINA.

Nouvelles lettres édifiantes des missions de la Chine et des Indes orientales. Paris, de l'imprimerie d'Adrien Le Clere, imprimeur de l'Archevêché de Paris, 1818-1823. 8 volumes. 12mo. Contemporary half calf (spines sl. rubbed with occasional light cracking). With printer's woodcut

device on title-pages. XXVIII, 486, (1, errata); IV, 560; (IV), 503, (1 errata); (IV), 567, (1); VIII, 603 (errata pasted on final page as usual); (IV), 511, (1 errata); (IV), 419; (IV), 448 pp. € 1.100,00

First edition. - Important collection of Jesuit reports from China and Indochina (Vietnam, Laos, Siam, Macao, etc.), a continuation of the collection of Jesuit letters known as the *Lettres édifiantes et curieuses*. They are mostly concerned with internal matters, such as clashes with the Chinese authorities (*Lust 830*). Volumes one to five deal with China and volumes six to eight deal with the missions in Tong-King and

Cochinchina. - Unobtrusive faint library blind stamps on title pages, otherwise a *fine* and fresh set. - Rare.

Löwendahl, China, I, p. XLIX; Morrison II p. 159; Cordier, B.S II, cols. 953-957 (listing the contents in detail); Streit & Dinginger, Bibl. Missionen, 1931: 2.

The expulsion of the Jesuits in 1759, both in Portugal and in its colonies



37 **JESUITS EXPULSION.** Edit d'expulsion des Jésuites de tous les etats de la couronne de Portugal. (Lisbonne), Imprimée dans la Secretairerie d'Etat des Affaires du Royaume, (1759).

Sm.8vo. Wrappers. 16; 12 pp.

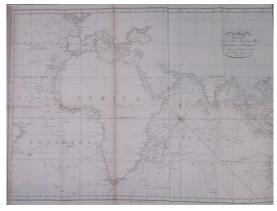
€ 275,00

First edition; bilingual: French and Portuguese. - Official decree by the Portuguese king Jospeh I of the 3rd of September 1759 in which the Jesuits were expelled both in Portugal and in its colonies. There were long-standing tensions between the Portuguese crown and the Jesuits, which increased when the Count of Oeiras (later the Marquis of Pombal) became the monarch's minister of state, culminating in the expulsion of the

Jesuits in 1759. The Távora affair in 1758 could be considered a pretext for the expulsion and crown confiscation of Jesuit assets. According to historians James Lockhart and Stuart B. Schwartz, the Jesuits' 'independence, power, wealth, control of education, and ties to Rome made the Jesuits obvious targets for Pombal's brand of extreme regalism'. By this decree the Portuguese colonizers secured the expulsion of the Jesuits.

A topographical and picturesque sketch of all the principal places which were visited by the East India and China fleets

38 **(JOHNSON, James).** An account of a voyage to India, China, &c. in His Majesty's Ship *Caroline*, performed in the years 1803-4-5, interspersed with descriptive sketches and cursory remarks. By an Officer of the *Caroline*. London, printed for Richard Philips by J.G. Barnard, 1806.



First edition. - This work was intended to describe a topographical and picturesque sketch of all the principal places which were annually or occasionally visited by the East India and China fleets. Places visited included Madeira, Cape of Good Hope, Ceylon, Madras, Bengal, the Andaman Islands, Penang, Malacca, Sumatra, Macao, and Canton. - (The 2 plates mentioned on the Errata leaf not present in any

copy or bibliography; age-browned). Cordier, BSI, col. 2106; Lust 375; Mendelssohn II, 693.

The fourth and fifth voyage sent out by the English East India Company



39 **JONES**, Thomas.

Vierde reys van de Engelse Maatschappy na Oost-Indien, onder het beleyd van Alexander Sharpey en Richard Rowles; neffens het aandoen van de Roode-Zee door de *Ascension*, gedaan 1608 en vervolgens. Mitsgaders de voyagien en berigten van William Nicols, Samuel Bradshaw en Joseph Salbank, breeder op de volgende blad-zijde vermeld.

Als ook de vijfde reys van de Engelse Maatschappy na Oost-Indien, bysonder na Java en Banda. Gedaan en beschreven van David Middelton, in 't jaar 1609 en vervolgens. Alles nu aldereerst uyt het Engels vertaald. Leyden, Pieter van der Aa, 1707.

Sm.8vo. Modern boards. With engraved title-vignette and folding engraved plate. 62,(8) pp. \in 275,00

Issued in Pieter van der Aa's collection of voyages. - Four accounts written by survivors of the Ascension, wrecked off Surat on the fourth voyage in 1609 sent out

by the English East India Company. The story of the fifth Company voyage to Java and the Banda Islands in 1609-1611 appears in *Hakluytus Posthumus* as a letter from David Middleton to the Company. It contains considerable detail on the trade and on the affairs of the Dutch in the Moluccas and Banda. According to Middleton, the Bandanese all hated the Dutch (*Lach & Van Kley, Asia in the making of Europe, III, p.559*).

Tiele 8; Cat. NHSM I, p.107.

Joseph from Cranganore (Kodungallur)



40 Sonderlinge reysen van Joseph, den geboornen Indiaan, bevattende een aanmerklijke beschrijvingh der landen, steeden, en inwooners van Caranganor, Calicuth, Cambaja, Narsinga, enz. Door de Portugeezen uyt sijnen mond opgetekend, anno 1501. Nu aldereerst uyt 't Portugeesch vertaald. Leyden, Pieter van der Aa, 1706. Sm.8vo. Old marbled wrappers. With engraved title-vignette and double-page engraving. 23, (4) pp. € 175,00

Issued in Pieter van der Aa's collection of voyages. - When Pedro Alvares Cabral called at Cochin in the winter of 1500 to 1501, he was approached by two Syro-Malabar priests, Joseph and Mathias, who requested to be taken on board for

the voyage to Europe so that they could visit Rome and Jerusalem. Mathias, however, died en route. In the cities of Europe, Joseph was apparently interrogated at great length about his homeland, and was regarded as a man of the highest integrity. His description of Cranganore, although bigoted and biased in favour of the Christian community, was widely accepted at face value. In Rome he presented a report on the Malabar Christians and answered numerous questions, some of them directed from the pope himself (*Howgego p.557*). An early account of a visitor from India to Europe. - *Fine*.

Tiele 5; Cat. NHSM I, p.107.

Mayor of Vlissingen and director of the Zeeland chamber of the East India Company

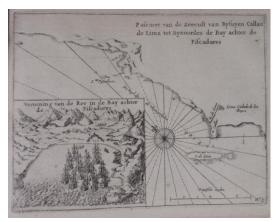
41 **JUNGIUS, Johan Huibert.** Gedenkteken ter loflyker gedachtenisse van .. Nikolaes van Hoorn, in zyn weledelheits leeven drie en zestighjaerigen Raet en zeven maelen Burgermeester van Vlissingen; Bewinthebber der Oostindische Maetschappije ter kamer van Zeeland; Ambachts-Heere van Koudekerk, enz., enz., enz. Deezer werelt onttoogen op den eersten van Herfstmaent 1734 Out twee en tachtigh jaeren en acht maenden min eenen dagh. (No pl.), 1734. 4to. Wrappers. (12) pp. € 295,00



Necrology written on the occasion of the death of Nikolaes van Hoorn, mayor of Vlissingen (Flushing) and director of the Zeeland chamber of the East India Company. Until the end of the 18th century, the VOC was the most important employer in Middelburg. - (Small stain in blank margin). - Printed on heavy paper. - *Rare*.

Not in Landwehr, VOC or Knuttel.

Account of the Nassau fleet, with important appendices containing the Dutch conquest of Banda and the destruction of plantations on the west coast of Ceram



42 L'HERMITE, Jacques.

Journael van de Nassausche vloot/ ofte beschrijvingh van de voyagie om den gantschen aerd-kloot, gedaen met elf schepen onder 't beleydt van den admirael Jaques 'LHeremite, ende vice-admirael Gheen Huygen Schapenham, in de jaren 1623, 1624, 1625 en 1626. (Amsterdam, Joannes Janssonius, 1646).

Oblong 8vo. Old boards (spine rep.). With 5 engraved maps of

Teirra del Fuego, Callao de Lima (2), Puna and Acapulco. 79 pp. (text set in two columns). € 695,00

Extracted from Commelin's collection of voyages. - The first official account of the circumnavigation was published in 1626. This punitive fleet of eleven ships set sail to the coasts of South America with the objective of clearing the westward route to the Pacific of Spanish and Portuguese shipping. The fleet was outfitted under the auspices of the Dutch gouvernment, the two major companies, the Dutch East India Company and Dutch West India Company, having little interest in the Pacific (Howgego p.615). L'Hermite attacked Lima, burned a Spanish fleet at Callao, and went as far as north as Acapulco. It was one of the most spectacular raids against Spanish shipping. With important appendix: Description of Peru and Chile by Pedro de Madriga; Pedro Fernandez de Quir's voyage to Australia; and the history of the

Dutch conquest of Banda. After L'Hermite was killed in Peru, Schapenham was appointed fleet commander and the veteran Jan Willemsz. Verschoor became vice admiral. They arrived for Ambon on April 2, 1625 with two captured ships. The 900 soldiers of the Nassau fleet helped Herman van Speult with an army of 2,000 men in the destruction of plantations on the west coast of Ceram. - (Age-browned). *Landwehr, VOC, 250; European Americana II, p.453*.

Contribution to anthropology, with innovative views to the Indian subcontinent



43 **LE BON, Gustave.** Les civilisations de l'Inde. Paris, Firmin-Didot et Cie., 1887.

8vo. Contemporary half brown morocco, spine gilt. With 2 maps, 7 chromo-lithographed plates and 350 illustrations. VII,743 pp. \in 275,00

First edition. - Charles-Marie Gustave Le Bon (1841 – 1931) was a leading French polymath whose areas of interest included anthropology, psychology, sociology, medicine, invention, and physics. He applauded Indian architecture, art and religion but argued that Indians were

comparatively inferior to Europeans in regard to scientific advancements, and that this had facilitated British domination. Containing also some coloured illustrations of Nepal in the 19th century. - (Foxed as usual).

Yakushi L58; Chadenat 1408; Broc, II, p.283..



A popular seafarers prayerbook

44 **LEEUWAARDEN, Nicolaas Simon van).** De godvreezende zeeman, ofte de nieuwe christelyke zeevaart .. te samen gesteld tot algemeene stichting, en bysonder van zeevarende lieden, en alle die by de zee woonen ofte belang hebben. De voorrede .. is opgesteld van Hieronymus Simons van Alphen. 8e druk. Amsterdam, Jan Morterre, 1758.

Sm.8vo. Contemporary vellum (soiled). With engraved title-page after Jan Luyken. (56) 908 pp. \in 395,00

First published in 1709; with old owner's name on first fly-leaf P. Reinhoud Bruinisse. - . Eighteen editions were published of this seafarers prayerbook between 1709-1902.

Only few copies exist of each of the editions, all of them are rare, which means that this book was very popular and much used. It was part of the equipment of most ships. On Sundays, the skipper read from this for the foundation and sanctification of

Sunday. Van Leeuwarden (1648-1730) was not a clergyman but probably an artisan. Included are prayers for the East India Company, and the whalers and hering fishers. The fine engraved title-page is made after Jan Luyken, also used for the first edition of 1709. Cf. de Groot, De 'Groote Christelycke Zee-vaert' en 'De God-vreezende Zeeman', hun meer dan driehonderjarige rol als toeverlaat voor de zeevarenden. - *Some waterstaining otherwise fine*.

Cat. NHSM II, p.1021-22 (only 19th century ed.); not in Landwehr, VOC;.Van Eeghen-Van der Kellen 43

Fort St. George on the Coromandel Coast, the first major English settlement in India



45 MADRAS-CHENNAI. Fort St.
George on the
Coromandel Coast.
Belonging to the East
India Company of
England. - Le fort St.
George sur la cote de
Coromandel.
Appartemante a la
Compagnie Angloise des
Indes Orientales.
London, Laurie &
Whittle, 1794.

Contemporary handcoloured perspective view (vue d'optique or Guckkastenbild) after Jan van Ryne, with legend in English and French. Ca. 26 x 40 cm. € 875,00

Fine bird's-eye view from offshore of the fort in Madras, now Chennai, with many ships in the foreground by Jan van Ryne. He was a Dutch artist, who moved to London in 1750 and worked as a draughtsman and engraver in the city until his death ten years later. In 1754, Robert Sayer published six 'Views of Early Settlements', which were both drawn and engraved by van Ryne. The titles were: 'Fort St. George on the Coromandel Coast', 'Bombay on the Malabar Coast', 'Fort William on the Kingdom of Bengal', 'The City of Batavia in the Island of Java', 'Island of St Helena' and 'The Cape of Good Hope'. Van Ryne presumably had no first-hand knowledge of these locations, but worked from the sketches of travellers. The prints were later reissued by Laurie and Whittle in London, in 1794. 'Madras was the Company's first fortified settlement in India; the construction of Fort St George began in 1640 and continued on and off for another 150 years. It houses all the administrative and military necessities, as well as St Mary's church (the oldest Anglican church in India), finished in 1680. The Old College, the equivalent of the

Writers' Building in Calcutta, was one of the Company's few eighteenth-century buildings in the gothic style, and still stands' (Wild, The East India Company, p.52). -Some foxing otherwise fine.

The first important monograph on Sumatra and Nias



MARSDEN, William. The history of 46 Sumatra, containing an account of the government, laws, customs, and manners of the native inhabitants, with a description of the natural productions, and a relation of the ancient political state of that island. 3rd edition, with corrections, additions. London, J. M'Creery, 1811. 4to. Later blue buckram (spine discoloured). With large folding engraved map and engraved plate of the Rajang, Batta, Lampoon alphabets. VIII,479,(9) pp. € 975,00

Third and best edition; first published in London in 1783; with the bookplate of Arthur Hereward Millard. - 'This book gave Marsden a reputation that still holds today. He was an orientalist, in the service of the East India Company (VOC), and resided in Sumatra in 1771-79. He studied everything that came under his notice, including the difficult Sumatran tongue" (Cox I, p.300). His book is the first important monograph on Sumatra, including a chapter on Nias and also the first text in English devoted to the island. - (Without the atlas as usual). Wellan-Helfrich D 238; Howgego M55; Hill 1093.



At the time the best general description of China

MARTINI, Martino. De bello Tartarico historia; in quâ pacto Tartari hac nostra aetate Sinicum Imperium invaserint, ac ferè totum occuparint, narratur; eorumque mores breviter describuntur. Antverpiae, ex off. Plantiniana Balthasaris Moreti, 1654. Sm.8vo. Modern calf, spine ribbed with red morocco title label to spine. With

woodcut on title-page and folding engraved map. 166,(2) pp. € 1.500,00 First edition. - Martino Martini's book became the best-known description of the Manchu conquest available to Europeans during the seventeenth century. The Latin text was republished seven times, and it was translated into nine other European languages. Altogether at least twenty-five editions and translations appeared before the end of the century (Lach III, 1, p.526). Account of the Manchu invasion and conquest of the Chinese empire, which began in the early 17th century and ended with the establishment of the Manchu Dynasty in China in 1644. Martini (1614-1661), an Austrian Jesuit missionary, reached China in 1643. He travelled widely throughout the interior of China, surveying the region with exceptional accuracy for the first time. In 1650 he was sent back to Rome to deliver a realistic account of the Jesuits' practices. On his homeward voyage he stayed for seven months in Batavia. He left again for China in 1658 and reached Macao in 1659 and remained in China until his death. - At the time the best general description of China. - Scarce. Cordier, BS, col. 623; Lust 440; Walravens, China illustrata, 101; Löwendahl 107; Howgego p.689.

With remarkable plates of mythological designs and astrological symbols, as well as Hindu deities

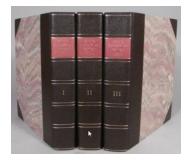


48 **MAURICE, Thomas.** The history of Hindostan, its arts, and its sciences, as connected with the history of the other great empires of Asia, during the most ancient periods of the world. 2nd edition. London, printed by W. Bulmer and W. Nicol. 1820.

First edition published in London in 1795. - Thomas Maurice (1754-1824) published numerous works on the religion of India. After he had completed his extensive 'Indian Antiquities' he traced Indian history back to its classical origins. Volume I mainly gives ancient

astronomical details from the Hindoo, Hebraic, Phoenician, Egyptian and Greek systems, covering the period between the creation and the flood. Volume II contains the Sanskrit and classical history of India. The imaginative curious plates are showing the Indian Deitees (incarnations of Veeshnu, Creeshna etc.) but also the ancient zodiac from Egypt, oriental zodiac, the 28 Hindoo lunar mansions. The plates are mainly facsimiles of the mythological designs and as Maurice says in his advertisement 'Absurd as some of them may appear to an European eye, it appeared still more absurd attempt to make any alterations in them'. - (Some staining). *Cox I*, 306.

A monumental work displaying the history, character, religion, literature, arts, and laws of India



49 MILL, James. The history of British India. London, printed for Baldwin, Chadock, and Joy, 1817.

3 volumes. 4to. Later half morocco, with red morocco title-labels to spines. With large folding map of the Eastern part of Persia, with Afghanistan, Bactriana, Trans-Oxiana &c. (foxed) and folding map, coloured in outline, of Hindoostan by A. Arrowsmith (small tear rep.). XXXII648; 720; VII,782 pp. € 850,00

First edition. - The Scottish historian, economist, political theorist, and philosopher James Mill (1773-1836), charted the history of the East India Company rule in India. His work was an instant success. He was the first writer to divide Indian history into three parts: Hindu, Muslim and British, a classification which has proved surpassingly influential in the field of Indian historical studies. Mill frequently denounced Hindu culture and traditions, and it has been seen by historians as an example of anti-Indian sentiments in Britain during the period. His book is a monumental work in which James Mill set out to display the history, character, religion, literature, arts, and laws of India. - A fine set.

A fine illustrated eye-witness account of the Russian parts of Asia undertaken in 1882-83



van Muyden. XI,463 pp.

50 MOSER, Henri. A travers l'Asie centrale. La steppe Kirghize, le Turkestan Russe, Boukhara, Khiva, le pays des Turcomans et la Perse. Impressions de voyage. Paris, E. Plon, Nourrit et Cie, (1885).

8vo. Original decorated red cloth gilt, a.e.g. With folding map, 16 heliotypes and ca. 170 illustrations (several full-page), mostly after E.

€ 375.00

First edition. - Moser's knowledge of the area earned him a place, in 1882, in the suite of General Tchernaieff, who was going to Tashkent as the Czar's governor general. From Tashkent, Moser continued to Samarkand and Bukhara, sailed down

the Amu Darya River on a boat to Khiva, crossed the Karakum Desert to Ashkabad, and then made his way via Bojnurd to Teheran, and across the Caspian to the Caucasus, the Black Sea and finally, in 1883, Istanbul. A fine illustrated eye-witness account of the Russian parts of Asia undertaken in 1882-83. - (Some foxing as usual). A nice binding.

Yakushi M262a; Hage Chahine 3316; Wilson p.151.

An important account of the second voyage of the Dutch to the East-Indies and first Dutch voyage to the Moluccas



51 NECK, Jacob Cornelis van & Wybrand van WARWIJCK. Waerachtigh verhael van de schip-vaert op Oost-Indien, ghedaen by de acht schepen, onder .. admirael Jacob van Neck, en de vice-admirael Wybrand van Warwijck, van Amsterdam gezeylt in den jare 1598. Hier achter is aen-ghevoeght de voyagie van Sebald de Weert, naer de Strate Magalanes. Amsterdam, Joost Hartgers, 1648. 4to. Modern half red morocco, spine ribbed, a.e.g. (binding by Sangorski & Sutcliffe). With large woodcut title-vignette depicting two vessels and folding engraved plate depicting 6 views. 92 pp. € 4.850,00

The journal of Van Neck and Warwijck was first published by Cornelis Claesz in Amsterdam in 1600. - The Dutch navigator Van Neck (1564-1638) was a representative of the Verre Compagny who in 1598 commanded three of the ships of the first successful Dutch trading voyage to the East Indies. The other ships were commanded by Van Warwijck and Jacob van Heemskerk. Van Neck's ships became separated from those of Warwijck and Heemskerk shortly after rounding the Cape of Good Hope. He did see them only some time after his arrival at Bantam. Loaded

with cargo, four of the ships under Van Neck returned to Holland in 1599, while Warwijck continued to the Moluccas and Heemskerk to the Banda Islands. Van Neck was accompanied by Willem Jansz, the discoverer of Australia, then on his first voyage as mate of the *Hollandia*. Van Neck's was the most profitable of the pre-VOC voyages (*Howgego p.746*). An important account of the second voyage of the Dutch to the East-Indies and first Dutch voyage to the Moluccas, which became the foundation for later Dutch control of the Moluccan spice trade. Also including a vocabulary of Javanese and Malay words. The second part contains the voyage by Sebald de Weert. He sailed with the fleet of Jacques Mahu but was separated from the fleet in the Strait of Magellan and coincidentally encountered the fleet of Olivier van Noort which was sailing on a quite separate expedition which was to result in the first Dutch circumnavigation (*Howgego p.1097*). - Two important voyages combined in one volume. - *A fine and scarce copy*.

Tiele 787; Tiele, Mémoire, 131; Landwehr, VOC, 251; Lach, Asia in the making of Europe III, p.439-440; Sabin 52214; European Americana II, p.493.

The 12th voyage of the East India Company



pp.

52 NEWPORT, Christopher - NIEUWPOORT,

Christoffel. Twaalfde reys na Oost-Indien, op kosten van de Engelse Maatschappy. Handelende van de voorvallen op de Eylanden, St. Laurens, Mohelia en het dorp Resoit, de verovering van 2 Baluchse Teradas, de wonderbaarlijke en gelukkige ontkooming der reysigers, uyt de moord-dadige handen der verraderse Baluchers, de verhandeling tussen den ambassadeur Sherley, en den gouverneur van Diu, over de koopmanschap, om die in dat land te vestigen, de vuyle laster der Portugysen, tegen de Engelse, hier over getoond, en wat verder op desen togt is voorgevallen. Gedaan in het jaar 1613 en vervolgens. Nu alder-eerst uyt het Engels vertaald. Leyden, Pieter van der Aa, (ca. 1706).

Folio. Modern boards. With engraved title-vignette. (14) \in 75,00

Issued in Pieter van der Aa's collection of voyages. - Christopher Newport (ca. 1565-1617) made three voyages to India and the East Indies for the British East India Company in 1613-1617. On his first, the 12th voyage of the East India Company, he was responsible for bringing Sir Robert Sherley home from Persia. In 1615 he took Sir Thomas Roe to India. Newport died at Bantam in August 1617 during his third voyage to the East (Howgego p.749). - (Waterstained). Tiele 8; Cat. NHSM I, p.107.

The first Dutch eye-witness account of China.



Nieuhof, Joan. Het gezantschap der Neêrlandtsche Oost-Indische Compagnie, aan den grooten Tartarischen Cham, den tegenwoordigen keizer van China: waar in de gedenkwaerdigste geschiedenissen, die onder het reizen door de Sineesche landtschappen, Quantung, Kiangsi, Nanking, Xantung en Peking, en aan het keizerlijke hof Te Peking, sedert den jare 1655, tot 1657, zijn voorgevallen, op het bondigste verhandelt worden. Beneffens een naauwkeurige beschryving der Sineesche steden, dorpen, regeering, weetenschappen, handwerken, zeden, godsdiensten, gebouwen, drachten, scheepen, bergen, gewassen, dieren &c. en oorlogen tegen de Tarters. Amsterdam, Wolfgang, Waasberge, Boom, Van Someren & Goethals,

1693.

2 volumes in 1. Folio. Contemporary half calf (spine dam; one hinge cracked but holding). With title-page printed in red and black, engraved frontispiece depicting the emperor of China with globe and a convicted criminal (mounted), engraved portrait of the author, and 34 double-page engraved plates and 110 large engravings in the text; without the map. (8),208;258,(10) pp. € 1.850,00

Later edition; first published in 1665. - Between 1640 and 1644 Nieuhof was serving as an official of the Dutch West India Company (WIC) in Brazil, but by 1665 he was at Batavia, in Java, as a servant of the Dutch East India Company (VOC), In 1665 Nieuhof published what is regarded as the definitive account of the Dutch embassy to Peking, and it is for this that he is best known (*Howgego p.752*). Nieuhof's account presented the Dutch reader with the most substantial and detailed description of the Middle Kingdom yet published. It contains information from the most important Jesuit sources and adds to them the observations of one of the first Dutchmen to travel in China's interior and visit the capital. Nieuhof's book is lavishly illustrated (providing) European readers with more realistic visual images of China's landscape and people than ever before (Lach-Kley, Asia in the making, III, p.484. This first embassy of the Dutch East India Company of Pieter de Goyer and Jakob de Keyser to the court of China in the years 1655-57, describes all the events during this mission, the country, people, flora & fauna, etc. It is one of the very few non-Jesuit sources of the period. It is richly illustrated with large views of all ports and places visited, starting with Batavia, and with numerous nice text-engravings illustrating in detail Chinese life in the 17th century. The illustrations, engraved after Nieuhof's relatively accurate drawings exercised a considerable influence on the European conception of China and were widely used and reproduced (Löwendahl p. 65). The Paolinxi-plate mentioned in the index is actually only present in the Latin edition. -

(Lower blank margins in first part waterstained; some lvs and plates inserted from another copy). - *The first Dutch eye-witness account of China*. *Tiele 800; Landwehr, VOC, 539; Cat. NHSM I, p.499; Cordier, B.S., col.2344-2345; Lust 539-541; Löwendahl, Sino-Western relations, 147.*

Account of the Vega's achievement of the Northeast Passage by steamship



54 NORDENSKIÖLD, Nils Adolf Erik. Die Umsegelung Asiens und Europas auf der Vega. Mit einem historischen Rückblick auf den frühere Reisen längs der Nordküste der Alten Welt. Autorisirte deutsche Ausgabe. Leipzig, F.A. Brockhaus, 1882. 2 volumes. Original red embossed cloth, spines gilt.

With 2 steelengraved portraits, 19 maps (some folding) and 500 woodengraved illustrations. XIV,477,(1); XII,451 pp. \in 350,00

First German edition, first published in Stockholm in 1880-1881 Vegas färd kring Asien och Europa. - Narrative of the Vega Expedition, 1878-1880, including full account of the Vega's achievement of the Northeast Passage by steamship and sketches of the visits to Japan, Hongkong, Singapore, Indonesia, and Ceylon. 'Some consider Adolf Nordenskiöld to be the greatest of all Arctic explorers' (Stam, Books on ice, p.65). - A very fine copy.

Arctic Bibl. 12439; Howgego III, pp. 439-446.

A successful attempt to assert British power in China and Japan

55 **OLIPHANT, Laurence.** Narrative of the Earl of Elgin's mission to China and Japan in the years 1857, '58, '59. New York, Harper & Brothers, 1860. Original brown cloth gilt (extremities of spine dam.). With coloured lithographed frontispiece showing a winter scene in Japan, and 60 wood-engraved plates and illustrations. XVI,645 pp. € 375,00



First American edition. - Laurence Oliphant (1829-1888), British adventurer, diplomat, author and traveller, was private secretary to Lord Elgin and accompanied him to Calcutta, Hongkong, Canton, Tientsin and Yedo. The main purpose of the mission was the signing of treaties opening both China and Japan to British trade. The first part gives a detailed survey of the river Yangtze, opening up the hinterland to Western commerce. The second part gives a detailed description of the political and social conditions in Japan. The Narrative of the Earl of Elgin's Mission to China and Japan (1859) gives a fascinating account of 19th-century gunboat diplomacy' (Encycl. Britannica). Cordier, B. S., col. 2376; Cordier, B.J., col. 547; Löwendahl 1224; Howgego IV, p.461-462.

An eye-witness account of Japan when it still was closed to the outside world



56 **OVERMEER FISSCHER, Johannes** Frederik van. Bijdrage tot de kennis van het Japansche Rijk. Amsterdam, J. Müller & Comp., 1833.

Large 4to. Contemporary calf; a presentation binding with gilt medallions in the corners enclosing a central panel decorated in gilt and blind, original printed wrappers preserved, spine richly gilt, a.e.g. (spine sl. discoloured; one joint sl.splitting but firmly holding). With 15 finely hand-coloured plates, heightened with gum arabic, depicting Japanese costumes and scenes from daily life. VII,(3),320 pp. € 7.500.00

Firts edition; binder's ticket of J.H. Peters of Amsterdam on rear pastedown. - Johannes van Overmeer Fisscher (1800-1848), a Dutch civil servant, stayed nine years in Deshima since his arrival in Japan in 1822. He made one court journey to the shogun of Japan at Edo. His charmingly illustrated 'Contribution to knowledge of the Japanese empire' features observations and commentaries rooted in his own experience of the country when Japan was still closed to the outside world. He describes the various aspects of Japanese culture. - A handsome copy with brightly coloured plates in Japanese style.

Landwehr, Coloured Plates 385; Alt-Japan-Katalog 1099; Cordier, BJ, col. 489-490.

One of the classics of South-East Asian historiography



57 **RAFFLES, Thomas Stamford.** Geschiedenis van Java. Vertaald, wat betreft de onderwerpen, welke voor Nederland en Indië wetenswaardig zijn, en voorzien van aanteekeningen, tot verbetering, beoordeling en vervolg van het oorspronkelijke werk, door J.E. de Sturler. 's Gravenhage, Amsterdam, Gebroeders van Cleef, 1836.

Modern wrappers. With folding table. LIV,244,(1) pp. € 475,00

First Dutch revised translation of Raffles' monumental *History* of *Java*, London 1817. - Thomas Stamford Raffles (1781-1826) was lieutenant Governor-General of the Indonesian Archipelago during the British interregnum from 1811-1816.

He was interested in every aspect of the Javanese people and culture, it seems he had a deep admiration. With additional notes by the translator Jacques Eduard de Sturler. - *Fine*.

Tiele 896; Cat. NHSM I, p.244; Cat. KITLV p.10.



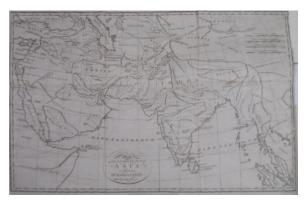
58 RAFFLES, Thomas Stamford. The history of Java. London, Black, Parbury, and Allen, booksellers to the Hon. East-India Company, and John Murray, 1817. 2 volumes. Large 4to. Later half calf, spines ribbed with red morocco title-labels. With 2 maps (one large folding map of Java, coloured in outline), 10 hand-coloured plates by William Daniell and 56 etched or aquatint plates (including alphabets and facsimiles of inscriptions, and musical scores), and some engraved vignettes. XLVIII,479; VIII, 288,(3),CCLX; (4) pp.

Sold

First edition.- Sir Thomas Stamford Raffles (1781-1826), lieutenant gouvernor of Java during the British administration of Indonesia from 1811 to 1816, 'was interested in every aspect of his subject, and devotes whole sections to Javan ethics, literature, poetry, music, and musical instruments, drama, games of skill and methods of hunting, besides the more ordinary matters of interest population, natural history, religion, antiquities, and the military system .. The history of Java stands very high in its own class, and the aquatint plates are full of interest' (Prideaux p.252-253). 'In terms of the pictorial depiction of Javanese costume and topography the importance of The History of Java can hardly be exaggerated .. The marriage of a scientifically original text with beautiful illustrations by an accomplished aquatint engraver resulted in a book about Indonesia of outstanding quality; indeed, a masterpiece' (Bastin-Brommer p.6-7). The ten coloured aquatints, though unsigned

are by William Daniell, illustrate Javanese life and costume, and the Papuan boy who accompanied Raffles to England in 1816, being the first of his race to visit that country. The plate of the Borobudur is one of the first depictions of the monument. 'An influential work valued for the author's firsthand observations on the customs and condition of the Javanese under his administration as Governor-General during the British occupation of the Dutch East Indies (1811-1815)' (Von Hünersdorff, Kaffee,p.1213). Raffles' History of Java, the source of many basic Western ideas about the area, remains the starting point for studies of the Eastern archipelago. - A very attractive copy of one of the classics of South-East Asian historiography. Bastin-Brommer N 90; Abbey, Travel, 554; Tooley, Coloured Plates, 391; Howgego II, R3; Thomson, The Exotic and the Beautiful, 304.

Written by one of the most important British historians of the 18th century



59 ROBERTSON,
William. An historical
disquisition concerning the
knowledge which the
ancients had of India; and
the progress of trade with
that country prior to the
discovery of the passage to it
by the Cape of Good Hope.
With an appendix,
containing observations on
the civil policy - the laws
and judicial proceedings -

the arts - the sciences - and religious institutions, of the Indians. London, A. Strahan & T. Cadell, Edinburgh, E. Balfour, 1791.

4to. Contemporary calf (part of one hinge splitting but firmly holding).). With 2 large folding maps. XII,364,(12) pp. \in 650,00

First edition; with the bookplate of the Bellingham Castle Library and the armorial bookplate of William Bellingham Bart. - William Robertson (1721-1793), the leading Scottish historian of his day, brought out this history of ancient India. He concludes with a wise hope that this account of 'the early and high civilization of India, and the wonderful progress of its inhabitants in elegant arts and useful science, may have some influence upon the behavior of Europeans towards that people' (DNB XVI, p.1314). Also dealing with the discovery of the sea route to India via the Cape of Good Hope. - A good clean copy with wide margins. SAB IV, p.57; Kress B.2182.

The earliest European account of Hinduism in Southern India



60 **ROGERIUS, Abraham.** La porte ouverte, pour parvenir à la connoissance du paganisme caché. Ou la vraye representation de la vie, des moeurs, de la religion, & du service divin des Bramines, qui demeurent sur les costes de Chormandel, & aux pays circonvoisins. .. Traduite en François par .. Thomas La Grue. Amsterdam, Jean Schipper, 1670.
4to. Contemporary speckled vellum, spine ribbed. With engraved title page, folding engraved plate showing different incarnations and 5 engraved illustrations (3 fullpage). (16),371,(4) pp. € 975,00

First French edition. - First published in Dutch De open-deure, tot het verborgen heydendom, Leyden

1651. 'This is the earliest European account of Hinduism in Southern India. Rogerius left in 1630 and worked in Palicatta (Coromandel) for ten years. He then went to Batavia where he served the Portuguese Church for five years. He repatriated in 1647 and settled in Gouda where he died in 1649' (*Landwehr*, *VOC*). This is the first work in Europe to publish the translation of a piece of Sanscrit literature (the Sayings of Bhartrhari, on pp. 291-339). The curious plates depict processions, ceremonies and self-chastisement. This copy belonged to François Pétis de la Croix (1653-1713) with his owner's entry and purchase date August 28, 1697, and his notes and comments in the margins. Pétis de la Croix, son of the king's interpreter for oriental languages was educated to succeed his father. He was an eminent orientalist, spoke arab, turkish and the languages of Persia, Tartar and Ethiopia. He was an attaché to the navy, the Foreign Office and interpretor to the King (*Howgego p.812*). Roger prepared probably the most thorough description of south-Indian Hinduism to be published before the end of the 19th century (*Howgego p.903*). - *A fine association copy*.

Landwehr, VOC, 652; Tiele 928; Cat. NHSM I, p.251.

Visiting hardly known islands in the Moluccas

61 **ROSENBERG, Carl Benjamin Hermann von.** Reis naar de Zuidoostereilanden, gedaan in 1865 op last der regering van Nederlandsch-Indië. 's

Gravenhage, Martinus Nijhoff, 1867.

Original printed boards. With 7 lithographed plates (3 handcolured and 4 tinted).

XXXVII,125 pp. € 450,00



First edition; published by the Koninklijk Instituut voor Taal-, Land- en Volkenkunde van Nederlandsch Indië. - The German zoologist and geographer Carl Benjamin Hermann Baron von Rosenberg (1817-1888) visited the hardly known islands in the Moluccas: the Kei, the Aru, the Watubela, and the Gorong Islands in 1865. The author travelled with a commission to make a zoological collection, but data on topography and population have also been collected. In the introduction, the editor P.J.B.C. Robidé van der AA, reviews the existing literature on the area. - Fine.

Bastin-Brommer N 615; Landwehr, Coloured Plates, 418; Tiele 938; Cat. NHSM I, p.248; Ruinen A 56; Polman 162.

Exploring Teluk Cendrawasih (Geelvink Bay) New Guinea



Trap. XXIV,153 pp.

62 ROSENBERG, Carl Benjamin Hermann von.

Reistochten naar de Geelvinkbaai op Nieuw-Guinea in de jaren 1869 en 1870. 's Gravenhage, Martinus Nijhoff, 1875.

4to. Original printed boards (spine rep.). With frontispiece portrait of the author, 3 lithographed maps and charts (1 folding), 4 hand-coloured plates of birds and 13 tinted lithographed plates by P.W.M.

€ 1.250,00

First edition published under the auspices of the Koninklijk Instituut voor Taal-, Land- en Volkenkunde. - The German zoologist and geographer Von Rosenberg (1817-1888) arrived in the Dutch East Indies in 1840, and was immediately sent to Padang on Sumatra, in order to assist Franz Junghuhn. He travelled widely to places that were then little known between 1840-1870, exploring areas in Sumatra, the Moluccas, and certain regions of Teluk Cendrawasih (Geelvink Bay) of West Irian. He concentrates mainly on the natural environment of each region he visited, but also includes special sections on the people and their customs. This book on New Guinea is one of his best known publications, containing beautiful plates. - A fine conv.

Tiele 939; Cat. NHSM I, p.181; Bastin-Brommer N 616; Landwehr, Coloured Plates, 419; Cat. KITLV p.34.

'The first published description of Borneo's interior and of the people who lived there'



de. Hachelijke reys-togt na Borneo en Atchin, in sijn vlugt van Batavia, derwaards ondernoomen in het jaar 1691 en vervolgens. Zijnde een opregt verhaal van zeldsaame ontmoetingen, en deerlijke rampen .. Mitsgaders een seer naauwkeurige beschrijving van het eyland Borneo met des

zelfs koningrijken, als Banyer Massing, Succadana, Cottaringen, de woon-plaatsen van de Viadjes en andere, met hare overkostelijke goud- en diamant-mijnen, camphur en andere koopmanschappen .. Insgelijks een aanmerkelijk berigt van het koningrijk Atchin op Sumatra .. Door den reysiger selfs opgesteld .. nu aldereerst na een egt af-schrift in't ligt gegeeven. Leyden, Pieter vander Aa, 1706. Sm.8vo. Contemporaryblind-tooled vellum. With 2 engraved folding maps and 4 folding engraved plates. (4),190,(17) pp. € 1.250,00

Second Dutch edition. Not included in the collection of Van der Aa, Naaukeurige versameling der gedenk-waardigste zee en land revsen, but separately issued as a supplement. - Jacob Janssen de Roy's book, the largest single description of Borneo printed during the century, which probably appeared in 1698 or 1699 for the first time, is an extended apologia written to the governor-general and council at Batavia by a skipper who had lost his ship on the coast of Borneo in February, 1692, as a result of the mutiny of his largely Chinese and Javanese crew. He and his shipmates barely survived hunger, thirst, exposure, hostile natives, and treachery before receiving good treatment and protection from the king of Banjarmasin in return for military assistance. Despite obtaining trading rights for the VOC, Roy was outlawed for absconding with the ship's money and subsequently sailed as a free trader in the Indies, visiting Borneo, Sumatra and Siam. Having acquired a considerable fortune from his enterprises, he was employed by the king of Siam to dispose of a certain English pirate who was visiting Siamese waters. The Roy's account includes brief descriptions of both Brunei and Sukadana although most of his description concern Banjarmasin. He also provided European readers with their first published description of Borneo's interior and of the people who lived there (Lach, Asia in the

making of Europe, III, p.1390-1395). - Including an extensive description of the gold and diamonds mines on Borneo and the pirates of Palembang. - A fine copy. Landwehr, VOC, 291; Tiele 944; Cat. NHSM I, p.176; Wellan-Helfrich D 320-321; Howgego p.911.

The first great natural history of tropical marine life



64 RUMPHIUS, Georgius Everhardus.

D'Amboinsche rariteitkamer, behelzende eene beschryvinge van allerhande zoo weeke als harde schaalvisschen, te weeten raare krabben, kreeften, en diergelyke zeedieren, als mede allerhande hoorntjes en schulpen, die men in d'Amboinsche Zee vindt: daar benevens zommige mineraalen, gesteenten, en soorten van aarde die in d'Amboinsche, en zommige omleggende eilanden gevonden worden. Amsterdam, F. Halma, 1705.

Folio. Contemporary vellum. With engraved allegorical frontispiece by Jan Goere, title-page printed in red and black and with engraved vignette by J. Punt, engraved portrait of the author, 5 large engraved vignettes and 60 beautifully engraved plates attributed to Maria Sybilla

Merian. (28),340,(43) pp.

€ 6.950,00

First published in 1705. - Georg Everhard Rumphius (1628-1702) entered the VOC's service in 1652 and arrived in Ambon in 1653, where he was successively appointed to the ranks of ensign, assistant merchant and merchant and where he died in 1702. He became blind in 1670, but worked on, by help of an assistant. Another disaster followed in 1674 when his wife and daughter died during an earthquake and in 1687 his library, including his manuscripts and drawings, were destroyed by fire. But he started again from the outset. 'G.E. Rumphius, also known as the 'Indian Pliny', was one of the great tropical naturalists of the seventeenth century. Born in Germany, he spent most of his life in the employ of the Dutch East India Company, stationed on the island of Ambon in eastern Indonesia. He wrote two major works; this one, the first modern work on tropical fauna, was published posthumously in Dutch in 1705. A classic text of natural history. The descriptions in *The Ambonese curiosity cabinet* cover the gamut of organisms found in the seas surrounding Ambon - crabs, shrimps, sea urchins, mussels - as well as minerals and plants. A series of exquisite etchings accompanies the descriptions. This is the first great natural history of tropical marine life. Remarkable for its detailed observations of living animals, habitats, and fisheries, as well as the accuracy of its morphological descriptions and classifications, the entire work reflects Rumphius's practical talents as engineer, merchant, and student of local cultures, as well as pioneer naturalist. Rumphius provides an invaluable window on the richness of tropical nature as it used to be'

(from the wrappers of the reprint of this book by E.M. Beekman, 1999). Recent research has proved that most of the plates are after drawings by Maria Sybilla Merian, in our copy they are strong and dark impressions.

Landwehr, VOC, 591; Nissen ZBI 3518; Ruinen 26; Nieuwenhuys, Mirror of the Indies, p.28-32.

Daily life of a VOC soldier in Java, Banda, India, Persia and Ceylon, 1644–1659



65 SAAR, Johann Jacob. Ost-Indianische Funfzehen-Jährige Kriegs-Dienste/ und wahrhafftige Beschreibung/ was sich Zeit solcher funfzehen Jahr/ von Anno Christi 1644. bis Anno Christi 1659. zur See/ und zu Land/ on offentlichen Treffen/ in Belägerungen/ in Stürmen/ in Eroberung/ Portugäsen/ und Heydnischer/ Plätze und Städte/ in Marchim, in Quartiern, mit ihm/ und andern seinen Cameraden begeben habe/ am allermeinsten auf der grossen und herrlichen/ Insul Ceilon. Zum andern mahl heraus gegeben/ und mit vielen denckwürdigen Notis oder Anmerckungen/ .. vermehret/ und gezieret. Nürnberg, Johann Daniel Tauber, 1672.

Sm. folio. Later overlapping vellum, with red morocco title

label, with ties. With titlepage printed in red and black, finely engraved portrait and frontispiece by J.A. Böner, 15 half-page engravings, plus 2 additional ones on seperate leaf, and several woodcut head and tail pieces and initials. (52),168,(16) pp. \in 6.000,00

Second and best edition, first published in 1662. - In this second edition Daniel Wülfer inserted more descriptions in the text and added many voluminous notes, citing as authorities a great many of the published descriptions of Asia available at the time. His account is very useful for its description of the daily life of a VOC soldier, and it is particularly valuable for its detailed portrayal of the Dutch conquest of Colombo and Jaffnapatam from the Portuguese in the 1655-1658 compaigns, in which Saar participated. Saar describes Java, Batavia, Amboina, and Banda, a Dutch defeat in Persia, conquest of some towns in India and Malacca, etc. Most of his years, however were spent in Ceylon (*Lach, Asia in the making of Europe, III, 1, p.529-530*). With fine engravings, including a remarkable view of Cape Town and Table Bay in which the Table Mountain is represented in the shape of a lion. - Small owner's stamp on back of portrait, age-browned (as usual) otherwise in good condition.-

Tiele 952; Cat. NHSM I, p.174; Landwehr, VOC, 308; Mendelssohn II, p.262; SAB IV, p.108; Ruinen C 27; Cat. KITLV I, p.475; Howgego p.921.

An ample description of India, Bangladesh, Birma and Ceylon



66 SALMON, Thomas.

Tegenwoordige staat van de koninkryken Pegu, Ava, Arrakan, Acham. Als mede van het eigentlyke India, of het ryk van den Groten Mogol, en van Malabar, Kormandel, en het eiland Ceilon. Nu vertaald en merkelyk vermeerderd door M. van Goch. 2e druk. Amsterdam, Isaac Tirion, 1741. Contemporary half calf, spine gilt. With engraved title-page, 2 folding maps (India and

Ceylon), and 10 engraved plates (7 folding). (8),680,(8) pp.

€ 425,00

Original issued as *Modern history: or present state of all nations*. London 1725-1739. Translated into Dutch: *Hedendaagsche historie, of tegenwoordige staat alle volkeren*. Volume III covers an ample description of India, Bangladesh, Birma and Ceylon.

Tiele 1033; Cordier, B.I., col. 731; Goonetileke 2049.

A very popular account that marks the transition from the brief ship's log to the more extensive voyage report



67 **SCHOUTEN, Wouter.** Reys-togten, naar en door Oost-Indien, in welke, de voornaamste landen, koningryken, steden, eilanden, bergen en rivieren, met haare eigenschappen, beneffens de wetten, godsdienst, zeden en dragten der inwoonders, en wat verder zoo van dieren, vrugten, en planten, aanmerkelyks in die gewesten is; naauwkeurig word beschreven. 3e druk. Amsterdam, Gerrit Tielenburg & Jan 't Lam, 1740. 2 volumes in 1. 4to. Contemporary mottled calf, spine gilt (spine rep., hinges cracked but firmly holding). With titlepage printed in red and black, engraved frontispiece, engraved portrait, 4 illustrations and 43 engraved plates (several folding) by C. Decker and J. Kip. (8),328; 253, (22) pp. € 2250,00

First published in 1676 with the title *Oost-indische voyagie*; large paper copy with additional folding map: Nieuwe en nette zeekaart van de geheele waereldt. - Wouter Schouten (1638-1704) spent 7 years as a physician in the service of the VOC in the East 1658-1665. He was an observant traveller who explored inland into environs of nearly everey port-of-call. His travel-account stayed very popular for a long time because of his ample and vivid descriptions of the countries, the different peoples and anything of note concerning the animals, plants, etc. of Java, Amboyna, Ternate, Celebes, Cape of Good Hope, coast of Coromandel, Malabar, Persia, Arabia, Ceylon, etc. Because of the bad weather the fleet arrived on the return voyage in Bergen (Norway), where Schouten eyewitnessed the attack by the English in 1665. 'His book was extremely popular in northern Europe and was translated into German (1676) and French (1707 and 1725)' (*Lach & Van Kley, Asia in the making of Europe, III*, 2, p. 955). - Some light marginal waterstaining in the first leaves, otherwise fine. *Tiele 991; Cat. NHSM I, p.174; Landwehr, VOC, 284; Mendelssohn II, p.279-80; Howgego p.947*.

Rare account of the victory of the Dutch East India Company over the kingdom of Macassar in the years 1666-1669



68 SPEELMAN, Cornelis. Journael of kort verhael van't begin, voortgangh en eynde des oorloghs tusschen den koningh en verdere regeeringe van Macassar, en de Nederlandtsche Geoctroyeerde Oost-Indische Compagni, in de jaren 1666/1667/1668 en 1669 voor gevallen. Vertoonende de heerlijcke overwinninge der voornoemde Compagnie tegen het Macassers Rijck: onder het manhaft beleyt van .. Cornelis Speelman, oudgouverneur van de kust Choromandel, etc. Als mede des selfs articulen van vrede. Amsterdam, Marcus Doornick, (1669).

4to. Modern boards. With woodcut on title-page. (24) pp. $\in 2.650,00$

First edition. - South Celebes (Sulawesi) lay on the route that the Dutch took from Batavia to Amboyna. The sultan of Makassar (now Ujung Pandang), the leading representative of Islam in the region, was especially hostile to the Dutch missionary drive. He was also determined to protect Makassar's position as an international harbour for the spice trade, open to all nations. With the support of the English, Danes and Portuguese, he had long resisted the efforts of the Dutch East India Company (VOC) to monopolize the spice trade. Alarmed by this development, Batavia in 1666 sent an expedition against Makassar led by Cornelis Speelman (1628-1684). He forced the sultan in 1669 to conclude a treaty which the Dutch,

obtained a monopoly of Makassar's trade and succeeded in bringing South Celebes under Dutch supremacy with the help of the Bugis people who were being oppressed by the Macassarese. Rare account of the victory of the Dutch East India Company over the kingdom of Macassar in the years 1666 -1669.

Landwehr, VOC, 238; Cat. NHSM I, p.499; Knuttel 9756; Howgego p.987; Lach, Asia in the making III, p.56.

A key work on the Dutch in Africa and in the East



69 **STAVORINUS, Johan Splinter.** Reize
van Zeeland over de Kaap
de Goede Hoop naar
Batavia, Bantam,
Bengalen, enz. gedaan in
de jaaren 1768 tot 1771.
Gevolgd van eenige
belangrijke aanmerkingen
over den aart, gewoonten,
levenswijze,

godsdienstplegtigheden en koophandel der volken in die gewesten. Leyden, A. en J. Honkoop, 1793.

2 volumes in 1. Contemporary half calf, with red morocco title-label on spine. With folding map of the Ganges and the Cape of Good Hope by C. van Baarsel. XXIV,294; 146,(2) pp. € 1.250,00

First edition; with bookplate of Percival J.G. Bishop. - Stavorinus (1739-1788), captain and rear admiral of the Admiralty of Zeeland, commanded the ship Goes, which was part of the relief fleet under Commander Jacob Pieter van Braam, which succeeded in relieving the besieged Malacca in the battles from 29 May to 21 June 1784. In battles from 2 to 12 August and 29 October to 27 November 1784, Selangore and Riouw were successively liberated when the VOC got into serious difficulties there. 'This work affords an accurate and valuable account of the Cape in the last quarter of the eighteenth century, with an interesting description of Cape Town and its inhabitants' (Mendelssohn). Including also large accounts of Batavia and Bengal. His accounts were published by his son. - A key work on the Dutch in Africa and in the East. - Last 3 leaves sl. waterstained otherwise a fine copy. - Very rare.

Mendelssohn II, p.426; S.A.B.IV, p.385; Landwehr, VOC, 296; Cat. NHSM I, p.178; Tiele 1044.

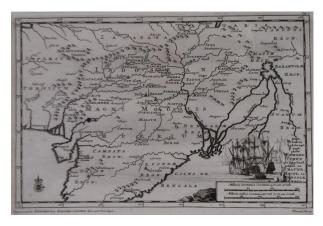
Chinese language



70 **SUMMERS, James.** The rudiments of the Chinese language, with dialogues, exercises, and a vocabulary. London, Bernard Quaritch, 1864. Sm.8vo. Original blind-tooled cloth, spine lettered in gilt. With folding plate depicting Chinese characters. II,159 pp. € 195,00

Cordier, B.S., col.1674.

A comprehensive picture of India that is credible and authoritative



71 TERRY, Edward.

Scheeps-togt na Oost-Indien, met een vloot van 5 scheepen. Gedaan in het jaar 1615. Verhalende een zee-slag tussen de Engelsse en een Portugysse kraak, omtrent het eyland Gazidia, ook de gelegenheyd deses eylands met den godsdienst, aart, zeeden en kleeding deser volkeren. Mitsgaders een nette en

naauw-keurige beschrijving van de staten van den Mogol .. Als mede de gods-dienst en zeeden der Mahometanen en heydenen, 't verbranden hunner wijven met de mannen .. en andere zeldsaamheeden. Nu alder-eerst uyt het Engels vertaalt. Leyden, Pieter van der Aa, (ca. 1706).

Folio. Modern boards. With engraved title-vignette, engraved folding map and 2 engravings in text. (22) pp. \in 275,00

Issued in Pieter van der Aa's collection of voyages; first published in Hakluytus Posthumusas: A Relation of a Voyage to the Eastern India - Amongst the preachers sent to India by the Company in the early years of its commercial transactions in the East, none is perhaps more widely known to day than Edward Terry (1590-1660), who was installed in the Chaplaincy of the English Embassy to the Great Mughal after the death of the reverend John Hill (Prasad, Early English travellers in India, p.277). In India Edward Terry became the chaplain to Thomas Roe, England's

ambassador to the Moghul Court. He set off to join the ambassador for the next eighteen months. They followed the progression of the Mughal's through parts of Madhya Pradesh and Gujarat, as the ambassador tried fruitlessly to negotiate some sort of commercial treaty that might shore up English interests in the region. Roe's efforts ultimately came to nought and, after an horrendous, disease-stricken summer in Ahmadabad in 1618, Terry and the ambassador travelled back to Surat for the voyage home. - (Age-browned).

Tiele 8; Cat. NHSM I, p.107.

Interesting description of India



72 **THEVENOT, Jean.** Gedenkwaardige en zeer naauwkeurige reizen. Darde en laatste deel. Uit het Fransch in't Nederduitsch gebracht door G. van Broekhuizen. Amsterdam, Timotheus ten Hoorn, 1688. 2 volumes in 1. 4to. Contemporary vellum (soiled). With engraved title-page and 6 engraved pates. (12),235,(6) pp. $\in 450,00$

First Dutch edition; first published in Paris in 1684: Voyages .. contenant la relation de l'Indostan, des nouveaux Mogols & et des autres peuples & pays des Indes. - On the last part of his travels in the Levant the French traveller

Jean Thevenot (1633-1667) made excursions into Gujarat, to the Mogul court, and into the Deccan. After exploring India for about a year he returned to Esfahan, where he spent another four months. On his way from Esfahan to Tabriz he became ill and died at Miana in 1667 (*Howgego p.1021-1022*). Thevenot's travels mark the beginning of the grand epoch of travel and exploration in the Levant (*Blackmer 1650*). - *Interesting description of India.*Tiele 1090; Cat. NHSM 1, p.257.

The two sons of Tipu Sultan, 'Tiger of Mysore, are handed over to Lord Cornwallis, the Governor-General of India

73 **TIPO SULTAN.** Les fils du sultan se rendent. Le major général Baird ordonne que le Sultan paroisse, on l' informe qu'il n'est point dans le palais, mais que ses deux fils son prêts à se rendre. Alors le major Allen y entre et peu après en sort avec les deux princes, qui le général sont reçus avec tous les témoignages possibles de bonté et d'humanité. (No pl.), A. Suntach, 1804.

Engraving depicting the surrender of the two sons of Tipoo Sultan after Henry Singleton by F. dal Pedro. Ca. 29,5 x 41 cm. \in 650,00

'The sons of the Sultan surrender. Major Baird ordered the Sultan to be parished, and was informed that he was not in the palace, but that his two sons were ready to surrender. Then Major Allen entered and shortly thereafter with the two princes, who



on 26 February 1792. - Fine

were received with all possible testimonies of kindness and humanity'. Handsome engraving showing two sons of Tipu Sultan, 'Tiger of Mysore, princes Mohin-ud-din (or Moiz-ud-din) (aged eight) and Abdul Khalik (aged ten) who are handed over to Lord Cornwallis, the Governor-General of India, on behalf of the British East India Company at Seringapatam

Narrative of the East India Company voyage to China in 1750-1752 and account of Chinese husbandry



74 TORÉN, Olof & Gustav EKEBERG. Reise des Herrn Olof Toree nach Surate und China, nebst einer kurzen Beschreibung von der chinesischen Feldökonomiae und einer Nachricht von dem gegenwärtigen Zustande der engländischen Colonien in dem nördlichen Amerika. Herausgegeben von Linnáus. Leipzig, Christian Gottlob Hilscher, 1772.

Sm.8vo. Contemporary half calf, spine lettered in gilt (foot of spine sl. dam.). 238 pp. € 1.250,00

First German edition. - Olof Torén was a Swedish botanist and priest (1718-1753). The first part contains a German translation of Torén's East India Company voyage to China in

1750-1752, in the form of letters to Linnaeus, originally published as an appendix to Osbeck's narrative (1757). Followed by a translation of Carl Gustaf Ekeberg's *Kort berättelse om den chinesiske landt--hushållningen*, (A brief account of Chinese husbandry), first published in Stockholm in 1757. The appendix contains a German translation of Dominique de Blackford's *Précis de l' état actuel des colonies angloises dans l' Amérique septentrionale* (Milan 1771). - (Two small library stamps on title-page). - *Scarce*.

Cordier, BS, col. 2097-98; Walravens 197; Löwendahl 566; Sabin 5691 & 96191 (not seen); Eutiner Landesbibliothek 1395.

Suppressed history of Siam



75 **TURPIN, François Henri.** Histoire civile et naturelle du royaume de Siam, et des révolutions qui ont bouleversé cet empire jusqu'en 1770. Publiée par Turpin, sur des manuscrits qui lui ont été communiqués par l'évêque de Tabraca, vicaire apostolique de Siam, et autres missionnaires de ce royaume. Paris, Costard, 1771.

2 volumes. Sm.8vo.Contemporary calf (spines and boards rubbed). (4),XII,450,(2); (2),444,(6) pp. \in 675,00

First edition. - Important work on Siam based on manuscripts from the bishop of Tabraca and other missionaries in Siam. A year later the work was suppressed at the request of the bishop, who claimed the author had taken too many liberties with his interpretation of the manuscripts. 'Cet ouvrage, devenu très rare,

a été condamné à être détruit par arrêt du Conseil du Roy en date du 5 janvier 1772' (*Chadenat 1001*). 'Le plus grand mérite de cet ouvrage, est le tableau qu'il renferme des révolutions survenues à Siam depuis la chutte de Constantin Faulcon jusqu'en 1770. Ce tableau embrasse les événemens qui suivirent cette catastrophe, tels que les démêlés des Français avec l'usurpateur des trône de Siam' (*Boucher de la Richarderie V, p.108*). - (Some age-browning; small library stamp on titles). *Cordier, BI, col. 732; Cox I, p.347; Brébion p.163; Satow 102*.

'Regarded as the first Dutch documents to describe any part of India in detail'

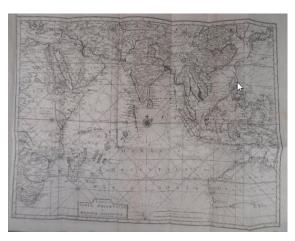


76 **TWIST, Johan van.** Generale beschrijvinghe van Indien, ende in't besonder van't coninckrijck van Guseratten, staende onder de beheersinge van den groot machtighen coninck Chaiahan: anders genaemt den grooten Mogor. (Amsterdam, Joannes Janssonius, 1646). Oblong 8vo. Modern wrappers. 112 pp. (text set in two columns). \in 450,00

Extracted from Commelin's collection of voyages. - Johan van Twist, a Dutch merchant and envoy of the Dutch East India Company (VOC). served as director of the Dutch factories in Ahmedabad, Cambay, Baroda, and Broach. In 1638 he returned to Batavia, in Java, where he wrote his *General description of India*, usually regarded as the first Dutch documents to describe any part of India in detail (Howgego p.1041). 'Van Twist's General description of India is primarily a detailed

account of Gujarat. He reports on its government, its relationship to the Mughul empire, and the history of how Gujarat came under Mughul control. He describes Gujarat's geography, fauna, flora, cities, food, commerce, religions, and social customs' (Lach & Van Kley, Asia in the making of Europe, III, p.473). Landwehr, VOC, 250; Tiele 1106.

A monumental work on the history of the Far East



77 VALENTIJN, François.
Oud en Nieuw Oost-Indiën,
vervattende een naaukeurige
en uitvoerige verhandelinge
van Nederlands Mogentheyd
in die gewesten, benevens
eene wydlustige beschryving
der Moluccos, Amboina,
Banda, Timor, en Solor, Java
.. Suratte .. Choromandel,
Pegu, Arracan, Bengale,
Mocha, Persien, Malacca,
Sumatra, Ceylon, Malabar,
Celebes of Macassar, China,
Japan, Tayouan of Formosa,

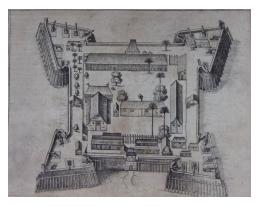
Tonkin, Cambodia, Siam, Borneo, Bali, Kaap de Goede Hoop en van Mauritius. Dordrecht, Amsterdam, Joannes van Braam, Gerard onder de Linden, 1724-1726. 5 parts in 8 volumes. Folio. Contemporary half calf, spines gilt and with black titlelabels (later boards). With engraved allegorical frontispiece, printed title-page in red and black, folding portrait of Valentijn, 19 portraits of the Governors-General, and 326 illustrations, maps, plans, bird's-eye views and plates (most of them double-page or folding; including fragments of Javanese manuscripts). € 39.500,00

First edition. -The most important early work documenting the history of the Dutch East India Company (VOC) in the East Indies and the Far East, which never can be superseded as many of the documents of which the author made use, do not longer exist. François Valentijn (1666-1727) was a minister of the Dutch Reformed Church who lived for many years on Amboyna and Java. During this period he collected an enormous mass of information, especially in the fields of history, geography and ethnology, concerning all parts of the world where the Dutch East India Company was active: Indonesia, with large parts on Batavia and the Moluccas, Persia, Malacca, Ceylon, India, Cape of Good Hope, Japan, China and Formosa. The work is profusely illustrated with fine engraved maps, plans, portraits and spectacular views. They are engraved by the best artists of the time like F. Ottens, J.C. Philips, G. Schouten, J. Goeree etc. mostly after designs by M. Balen. Apart from the fine engravings the work is of particular interest for its cartography. It contains

interesting maps of Australia, probably drawn after manuscript maps now lost. For his descriptions of the natural history of Amboyna Valentijn used i.a. the unpublished 'Amboinsch Dierboek' by the famous naturalist Rumphius, of which the original manuscript has been lost. - (Not inserted and also not mentioned in the plate-index is the portrait of Governor General De Haan). - With bookplates of J.C. Pabst and A.A.H. Stolk. - *A truely desirable copy*.

Tiele 1121; Cat. NHSM p.502; Landwehr, VOC, 467; Ruinen C 44; Alt-Japan-Katalog 1570; Cordier, Bibl. Japonica (and) Indosinica col. 426-428 (and) col. 927-930; Nissen, ZBI, 4213; SAB IV, p. 549.

Journals of Johan de Moelre, Jacques Le Febure Reynier Dirckszoon, Jacob Specx, Pieter Segerszoon Samuel Bloemaert and Gillis Seys



214 pp. (text set in two columns).

78 **VERHOEFF, Pieter Willemsz.**Journael ende verhael van alle het gene dat ghesien ende voor-ghevallen is op de reyse, gedaen door .. Pieter Willemsz. Verhoeven, admirael generael over 13 schepen, gaende naer de Oost-Indien, China, Philipines, ende byleggende rijcken, in den jare 1607 ende volgende. (Amsterdam, Joannes Janssonius, 1646).

Oblong 8vo. Modern boards. With plate depicting the fortress on Banda. € 375,00

Extracted from Commelin's collection of voyages. - Pieter Willemszoon Verhoeff (ca. 1573 - 1609) commanded one of the last voyages of the first phase of Dutch occupation in the East Indies. His instructions, in addition to destroying as much Iberian shipping as possible, were to drive the Spanish and Portuguese out of the Moluccas (Howgego p. 1065-1066). He died during an expedition to the Banda Islands in 1609, where he and many of his crew were ambushed and murdered by locals while negotiating with them for the Dutch East India Company (VOC). This account of Verhoeff's voyages is a composite piece. It starts with the journal by the chief merchant Johan de Moelre and continued, after he was killed, by the fleet's treasurer Jacques Le Febure. Followed by extracts from the journal of Reynier Dirckszoon, the pilot aboard one of the ships which sailed to Japan, and the journal of Jacob Specx and Pieter Segerszoon also on Japan. This piece is followed by a report by Samuel Bloemaert about trade and negotiations on Borneo and Appolonius Schotte's accounts of the Moluccas and Gillis Seys report of 1627 on Amboina.

These materials constitute a rich source of information about the expansion of Dutch power in the Moluccas, the negotiations with the inlanders, the war with the Spaniards, the details of trade, and the daily life of the Dutch stationed there. This account of Verhoeff's voyage was never separately reprinted during the 17th century (*Lach & Van Kley, III, p.471-472*). - (*Age-browned; missing pp.165-166* but added in photocopy).

Landwehr, VOC, 250.

Account of the legation trying to improve the relations between the Jesuits and the Catholic Church with the Chinese Emperor Kang-Hsi



79 **VIANI, Sostegno.** Istoria delle cose operate nella China da monsignor Gio. Ambrogio Mezzabarba partriarca d'Alessandria, legato appostolico in quell' imperio. Edizione seconda. Colonia, appresso Enrico Aertssens, 1740.

Sm.8vo. Contemporary vellum, with autograph title to spine. Title-page printed in red and black, with woodcut vignette. XV,256 pp. \in 850,00

Second edition; the first edition was published in Paris in 1739. - Account of the legation trying to improve the relations between the Jesuits and the Catholic Church with the Chinese Emperor Kang-Hsi. In 1720, Clement XI, wishing to alleviate

the hardships of the Church in China, despatched to the East a new legate, G.A. Mezzabarba, Patriarch of Alexandria. On October 12, he reached Canton (Guangzhou) and secured with difficulty an audience with the Kangxi emperor, whom he appeased by promising that the constitution would be mildly interpreted. In fact, on November 4 1721, before starting for Europe, he granted eight permissions, whereby he thought, while maintaining fully the decree of Clement XI, to remedy all hardships resulting therefrom for the converts, especially those of the better class. It was permitted to kneel down and make offerings before the amended tablets of Confucius and ancestors, as well as before the coffin of a deceased person, provided they were preceded by the necessary explanations' (*Löwendahl, Sino-Western relations, 412*). - *A fine copy*.

Cordier, BS, col. 920; Lust 878.

80 **VIETNAM.** Prospectus Lacus et Pagi Sinensis. Un Lac et Village de la Cochinchine Paris, Daumont, (ca.1760).



Handsome optical harbour view of a village with figures and canal with sailing-ships in Vietnam.

A collection of voyages to America, Asia and Africa with very fine etchings by Romeyn de Hooghe



81 VRIES, S(imon) de. Curieuse aenmerckingen der bysonderste Oost en West-Indische verwonderenswaerdige dingen; nevens die van China, Africa, en andere gewesten des werelds. Utrecht, Johannes Ribbius, 1682. 4 volumes. 4to. 19th century half morocco, spines gilt, a.e.g. With 4 allegorical frontispieces, 15 engraved maps by Sanson and 60 engraved plates (many double-page) by Romeyn de Hooghe, and one by T. Doesburg. € 12.500,00

Original Dutch edition. - A collection of voyages with extensive and well illustrated descriptions of the people and their products of America, Asia and Africa. The very

fine etchings by Romeyn de Hooghe, one of the greatest Dutch etchers of the late 17th century, give a baroque profusion of images, every engraving overflows with pictorial elements compossed through and next to each other. They depict peoples, customs, plants and beasts, views, etc. of Indonesia, India, Japan, Persia, Turkey, Abyssinia, South Africa, Mexico, West-Indies, Brazil, etc. 'The illustrations by Romeyn de Hooghe belong to the most interesting of his *oeuvre*. The work is an excellent compilation by De Vries of travel-accounts by: J. Anderson, P. Belon, C. Barlaeus, L. Barthema, J. de Bry, Baldaeus, Las Casas, Columbus, j. Acosta, O. Dapper, F. Drake, F. Xaverius, A. Herrera, A. Kircherus, C. Klenck, J. de Laet, J. Huygen, F. Lopez, J. Mandelslo, A. Montanus, J. Nieuwhof, A. Olearius, W. Piso, W. Raleigh, Tavernier, Vespucci, etc. The fine maps are after Sanson de Abbyville. (*Landwehr, Romeyn de Hooghe as book illustrator, 58.*). 'Also the articles of surrender of New-Netherlands may be found in it' (*Muller, America, p.180*). - (Plate-index missing; light age-browned). - *Very rare and fine set, with strong impressions of the plates*.

Tiele 1185; Cat. NHSM I, p.240; Hollstein IX, 1039-1086 (incomplete); Alt-Japan-Katalog 1601; Cordier, B.J., p.399; Sabin 100854; SAB II, p.699; European Americana IV, p.104.

The Challenger expedition of 1872–1876 under the scientific supervision of Charles Thomson

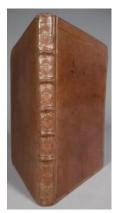


82 **WILD, John James.** At anchor. A narrative of experiences afloat and ashore during the voyage of H.M.S. 'Challenger' from 1872 to 1876. London, Marcus Ward and Co., 1878.

Folio. Original elaborated pictorial green cloth gilt (partly soiled), a.e.g. With coloured double-page map, 12 tipped-in

chromo-lithographs and 169 typo etchings in the text. 198 pp. € 975,00

First edition. - The Challenger expedition, which embarked from Portsmouth, England on 21 December 1872, was a grand tour of the world covering 68,000 nautical miles organized by the Royal Society in collaboration with the University of Edinburgh. British scientist Charles Thomson led a large scientific team which accompanied the crew. Abundantly illustrated with topographical and ethnographical sketches. The fine coloured plates and illustrations are all by the author. They visited Teneriffe, Bermudas, Cape of Good Hope, Sydney, Torres Strait, Hongkong, Yokohama and Valparaiso. - A landmark journey circumnavigating the globe. Ferguson 18556; NZNB 6070; SAB IV, p.779; Spence 1258; Du Rietz 1347; Mendelssohn II, p.609-610.



Danish missionaries in Malabar

83 **ZIEGENBALG, Bartholomäus & Heinrich PLUTSHAU.** Propagation of the gospel in the East: being an account of the success of two Danish missionaries, lately sent to the East Indies, for the conversion of the heatherns in Malabar. In several letters to their correspondents in Europe. Rendered into English from the High-Dutch. Second edition. London, J. Downing, 1711.

Sm.8vo. 3 parts in 1 volume. Contemporary polished calf, gilt fillets on sides, spine richly gilt. (16),XXXII,78; VIII,60; 4;(2) pp. € 1.275,00

First edition published in 1709-1710. - The authors of these letters were missionaries sent by king Frederick IV of Denmark in 1705 to found a mission station in Malabar. The first letter was written from Cape of Good Hope. Contains a narrative of the voyage to the coast of Coromandel, their settlement at Tranquebar, the divinity and philosophy of the Malabarians, their language and manners, a journey from Tranquebar to Madras, the management of the schools and a proposal for printing the New-Testament in Portuguese, in order to be dispers'd among the natives at Malabar, and in other parts in the East-Indies. The two young Pietist preachers pioneered the Lutheran mission in Tranquebar, a small Danish colony on the south-east coast of India. Ziegenbalg brought Lutheranism and a printing-press to Tanjore court. - *A very fine copy*.

SAB IV, p.850; Cox I, p.281; Howgego Z13.

ADDENDA



84 **DANISH ASIATIC COMPANY.** Brief van een koopman, uit Rotterdam, aan zynen vriend, te Amsterdam. Behelzende eenige aanmerkingen, zo over de negotiation binnen deeze provincien, ten behoeve van vreemde vorsten en particulieren ondernomen: als wel byzonder, ten opzigte der negociatie, die voor reekening van de Geoctroyeerde Deensche Asiatische Compagnie te Coppenhagen, ook thans aan het publicq word aangeboden.Amsterdam, J. Groenewoud etc., (1779). 22 pp. € 295,00

Letter from an Amsterdam merchant about the Danish Asiatic Company (Danish: Asiatisk Kompagni), a Danish trading company established in 1730 to revive Danish trade on the Danish East Indies and China following the closure of the Danish East India Company. It was granted a 40-year monopoly on Danish trade on Asia in 1732 and taken over by the Danish government in 1772. It was headquartered at Asiatisk Plads in Copenhagen. Its former premises are now used by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. In 1772, the company lost its monopoly and in 1779, Danish India became a crown colony. *Knuttel* 19331.